

Qu SERIES DIGITAL MIXERS



For firmware V1.5 Check www.allen-heath.com for the latest firmware available

Publication AP9372

Limited One Year Manufacturer's Warranty

This product is warranted to be free from defects in materials or workmanship for period of one year from the date of purchase by the original owner.

To ensure a high level of performance and reliability for which this equipment has been designed and manufactured, read this User Guide before operating.

In the event of a failure, notify and return the defective unit to the place of purchase. If this is not possible then please contact the authorised ALLEN & HEATH distributor or agent in your country as soon as possible for repair under warranty subject to the following conditions:

Conditions Of Warranty

The equipment has been installed and operated in accordance with the instructions in this User Guide.

The equipment has not been subject to misuse either intended or accidental, neglect, or alteration other than as described in the User Guide or Service Manual, or approved by ALLEN & HEATH.

Any necessary adjustment, alteration or repair has been carried out by an authorised ALLEN & HEATH distributor or agent.

This warranty does not cover fader wear and tear.

The defective unit is to be returned carriage prepaid to the place of purchase, an authorised ALLEN & HEATH distributor or agent with proof of purchase. Please discuss this with the distributor or the agent before shipping.

If the unit is to be repaired in a different country to that of its purchase the repair may take longer than normal, whilst the warranty is confirmed and parts are sourced.

Units returned should be packed to avoid transit damage.

In certain territories the terms may vary. Check with your ALLEN & HEATH distributor or agent for any additional warranty which may apply.

If further assistance is required please contact Allen & Heath Ltd.

Qu Series products complies with the European Electromagnetic Compatibility directives 2004/108/EC and the European Low Voltage directives 2006/95/EC.

Any changes or modifications to the equipment not approved by Allen & Heath could void the compliance of the product and therefore the users authority to operate it.

Qu Mixer User Guide AP9372 Issue 4

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ALLEN&HEATH

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IMPORTANT - Read these instructions before starting:

Safety instructions

Before starting, read the **Important Safety Instructions** printed on the sheets supplied with the equipment. For your own safety and that of the operator, technical crew and performers, follow all instructions and heed all warnings printed on the sheet and on the equipment panels.

System operating firmware

The function of the Qu mixer is determined by the firmware (operating software) that runs it. Firmware is updated regularly as new features are added and improvements made. The firmware version current when this guide was released is noted in the Contents section.

The latest firmware can be downloaded from the Allen & Heath website, transferred to USB key and then loaded into the Qu mixer using the Firmware Update utility.

• Check the Allen & Heath website for the latest version of Qu firmware.

Software licence agreement

By using this Allen & Heath product and the software within it you agree to be bound by the terms of the relevant End User Licence Agreement (EULA), a copy of which can be found on the Allen & Heath website (<u>www.allen-heath.com/legal</u>). You agree to be bound by the terms of the EULA by installing, copying, or using the software.

Further information

Please refer to the Allen & Heath website for further information, knowledgebase and technical support. You can join our Allen & Heath Digital Community to share knowledge and information with other Qu users.

General precautions

- To prevent damage to the controls and cosmetics, avoid placing heavy objects on the control surface, obstructing movement of the motorised faders, scratching the surface or touch screen with sharp objects, or rough handling and vibration.
- Protect the equipment from damage through liquid or dust contamination. Avoid dust or small objects getting into the fader slots. Cover the mixer when it is not being used for a long period.
- Computer and touch screen technology can be affected by extreme cold. If the equipment has been stored in sub-zero temperatures allow time for it to reach normal operating temperature before use at the venue. Recommended operating temperature for Qu is 5 to 35 degrees Celsius.
- Avoid using the equipment in extreme heat and direct sunlight. Make sure the mixer ventilation slots are not obstructed and that there is adequate air movement around the equipment.
- Transport the Qu using a touring grade, purpose designed flightcase with adequate foam lining and internal support for protection.
- Clean the control surface with a soft brush and dry lint-free cloth. Do not use chemicals, abrasives or solvents.
- It is recommended that servicing is carried out only by an authorised Allen & Heath agent. Contact details for your local distributor can be found on the Allen & Heath website. Allen & Heath do not accept liability for damage caused by maintenance, repair or modification by unauthorised personnel.

1. Packed contents

Qu Mixer	User Guide AP9372
	AP3345 – English
Mains lead • Check this is correct for your territory	AP7287 – French AP8513 – Chinese • Read this before starting

Options and Accessories available



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About this guide

This is the User Guide for the Allen & Heath Qu-16, Qu-24 and Qu-32 digital mixers.

Please Note

This guide refers to Qu firmware V1.5. Please refer to the Allen & Heath website for the latest version of firmware and this user guide. For more details read the Release Notes available with the firmware.

For information on the **AR2412**, **AR84** and **AB168** remote AudioRacks please refer to their user guides.

3. Introduction

3.1 Overview and Features

Building on the heritage of the GLD and flagship iLive digital consoles, the Qu presents exceptional performance together with an intuitive analogue style user interface with a motorised fader per channel, knobs and touch screen, total recall of all settings, full input, output and FX processing, USB streaming and hard drive multitrack recording, digital snake capability and remote wireless control using an iPad. There are three models in the Qu Digital Audio Mixer Series:

- Qu-16 Compact, rack mountable mixer with 16 mic and 3 stereo line input channels.
- Qu-24 Larger model with 24 mic and 3 stereo inputs. Adds stereo Groups, Matrix and more SoftKeys.
- Qu-24 Largest model with 32 mic and 3 stereo inputs. Adds 2 more stereo Groups.

Qu-16

12 mixes (4 mono, 3 stereo, LR)

• 24 out, 22 in USB streaming

• 16 Mic/Line channels

• 3 stereo Line channels

• 24 sources to the mix

4 FX (2 send buses)

4 SoftKeys

Qu-24

- 24 Mic/Line channels
- 3 stereo Line channels
- 32 sources to the mix
- 12 mixes (4m, 3st, LR)
- 4 FX (4 send buses)
- 10 SoftKeys
- 32 out, 30 in USB
- 2 stereo Groups

Qu-32

- 32 Mic/Line channels
- 3 stereo Line channels
- 40 sources to the mix
- 12 mixes (4m, 3st, LR)
- 4 FX (4 send buses)
- 10 SoftKeys
- 32 out, 32 in USB
- 4 stereo Groups
- 2 stereo Matrix

















All models

- Extra stereo outputs AES digital, Alt Out, 2TRK out
- Talkback mic input
- dSNAKE Cat5 snake for remote audio using AR2412, AR84 or AB168
- 4 Mute Groups
- 4 DCA Groups
- AnaLOGIQ[™] total recall analogue preamps
- Effects ported from the flagship iLive console
- Dedicated stereo FX return channels
- · Master strip for quick access to mix levels and processing
- Input channel linking for stereo sources
- Input processing Preamp, HPF, Gate, PEQ, Compressor, Delay
- Output processing PEQ, Graphic EQ, Compressor, Delay
- 800x480 pixel colour touch screen for quick control
- · Motorised faders for sends on faders, GEQ fader flip and mix recall
- · Quick copy and reset of processing, mixes and scenes
- 100 Scene memories
- · Channel Safes, Global and per Scene Recall Filters
- Channel processing User Libraries
- · Qu-Drive for stereo and 18-track recording/playback to USB hard drive
- USB streaming to/from an Apple[®] Mac or Windows[™] PC computer
- MIDI DAW Control driver for Mac (converts to HUI or Mackie Control)
- USB transfer of Scenes, Libraries, Shows
- User assignable Custom Layer
- Qu-Pad wireless remote app for iPad
- Compatible with the Allen & Heath ME personal mixing system
- · User Permissions to restrict operator access

2 stereo Matrix

3.2 System Architecture and Processing

The following diagrams show the Qu-16, Qu-24 and Qu-32 I/O (inputs and outputs), audio architecture and processing available. The differences between the models and the routing capability of each processing section is illustrated. Refer also to the more detailed System Block Diagrams at the rear of this guide.



3.3 Differences between the Qu models

All three models operate in the same way and have a similar touch screen menu structure. The larger models add Groups and Matrix. Other differences are shown here:









32 out, 32 in USB audio streaming

8 Group out

Matrix out

Scene, Library and Show memories - Qu-16, Qu-24 and Qu-32 memories are compatible. Files created on one model can be transferred via USB key and loaded on the other. The extra features of the bigger models will be ignored when their file is loaded on a Qu-16. The extra features of the bigger models will be reset to factory default when a Qu-16 file is loaded.

Note To be compatible, ensure all your Qu mixers are loaded with the same version of firmware later. Check the Allen & Heath web site for the latest firmware available.

USB Audio - A USB hard drive formatted on one model can be used on the other. Stereo and multitrack Qu-Drive recordings are compatible. USB B audio streaming is compatible, but note that the Qu-16 is 24 out / 22 in, the Qu-24 is 32 out / 30 in, and the Qu-32 is 32 out / 32 in.

Firmware - Different firmware is needed for each model. Choose either the Qu-16, Qu-24 or Qu-32 file when downloading firmware from the Allen & Heath web site. The firmware version number will be the same for each update that is made available. The procedure for updating firmware is the same for all models.

4. Connection Overview

The following connections are available on the rear panel of the Qu mixer. The Qu-16 is shown here.



4.1 Local Input Connections



Pin2 = hot





Mono Line Input – Balanced ¼" TRS (Tip, Ring, Sleeve) jack input for plugging in line level signals such as multitrack players and radio mic receivers. To work with unbalanced sources use a mono jack or link ring to sleeve within the TRS stereo jack.

Use DI boxes plugged into the Mic input for high impedance, low level sources such as acoustic instrument pickups.

Microphone Input – Balanced XLR input for plugging in a low level source such as a microphone or DI box. 48V can be switched to the socket for condenser mics and active DI boxes that require phantom power.

Note - To avoid loud thumps, mute the channel before plugging in cables or switching 48V on or off.

Stereo Line Input – ST1 and ST2 balanced ¼" TRS (Tip, Ring, Sleeve) jack inputs for plugging in line level stereo sources such as CD players. The L input normals (switches) through the R input so that you can work with a mono source by plugging into just the L/M input.

To work with RCA phono connections use jack to RCA converter plugs.

Talkback Input – Dedicated balanced XLR input for plugging in a microphone to route to the mixes for the engineer to talk to the performers on stage. Phantom power can be switched to the socket for condenser microphones.



Pin2 = hot







Group, Mix, Matrix outputs – Balanced XLR line level outputs for the mono and stereo mixes, for example to feed monitor amplifiers, external processing devices, delay fill speaker systems and recording devices. These use low impedance, high quality differential driver circuits for connection to +4 or 0dBu equipment. Maximum output is +22dBu.

Professional equipment provides 'balanced' connections for maximum interference rejection over long cable runs. If you are connecting to 'unbalanced' equipment then make sure the XLR pin 3 (signal cold) is linked to pin 1 (signal ground).

Main LR output – Balanced XLR line level outputs for the main Left and Right stereo mix. These typically plug into the FOH speaker processor, amplifier or powered speakers.

AES out – 2-channel digital output using a single XLR connection and standard mic (2-core screened) audio cable. It follows the AES (Audio Engineering Society) digital audio standard and can connect to any equipment fitted with an AES input socket. The source to this output is patched using the **Setup / Output Patch / Surface** screen. Applications include the feed to a PA speaker processor, amplifier, stereo broadcast or recording device equipped with AES input.

Alt out – Stereo 'alternative' output on balanced TRS jacks for connection to +4 or 0dBu equipment such as zone feeds, fill speakers, broadcast or local monitor. The source to this output is patched using the Setup / Output Patch / Surface screen.

2TRK out – Stereo output on balanced TRS jacks for connection to +4 or 0dBu equipment such as stereo recorders. It follows the post master fader main LR mix.

4.3 Other Connections









Lamp – Plug in a 4-pin gooseneck lamp to illuminate the mixer surface. You can use any industry standard 12V, 5W or lower power lamp. We recommend the Allen & Heath LEDLamp with built-in thumbwheel dimmer.

USB B – Type B USB connection for multi-channel bi-directional audio streaming between the mixer and a computer. Follows the high speed USB 2.0 standard.

Refer to the Allen & Heath web site for information on Windows[®] and Apple[®] Mac drivers available for Qu.

Network – Fast Ethernet (100 Mbit/s) port for Cat5 cable connection to a computer for MIDI over TCP/IP control of mixer parameters, or to a wireless router (access point) for live mixing control using the Allen & Heath **Qu-Pad** app running on an iPad. The **Lnk** indicator flashes to indicate network activity.

dSNAKE – The proprietary Allen & Heath 'digital snake' connection for remote audio using an AR2412, AR84 or AB168 AudioRacks, and for personal monitoring using the ME Personal Mixing System.

4.4 Powering up the mixer



The Qu mixer has an internal universal voltage power supply unit. This means you can use your mixer in most parts of the world without the need to modify the unit as long the local mains supply is within the range:

Mains Voltage = 100 to 240 V.AC

Mains Frequency = 47 to 63 Hz

Important - Before starting, read the **Safety Instructions Sheet** packed with the mixer. These can also be downloaded from the Allen & Heath website.

Also read the safety notes printed on the rear of the mixer.

AC MAINS IN – Standard IEC socket for connecting the mixer to the local mains supply. Plug in a mains lead with moulded plug suitable for your territory. A suitable mains lead is shipped with the mixer.

Note – Do not replace the mains plug or modify the lead in any way. For your own safety and that of the operator and performers do not remove or defeat the ground connection.

A **cable clamp** is provided. You can slot the cable into this or lock it in place. To lock the cable use a star head Torx T20 screwdriver to refit the clamp around the cable.

Fuse – Mains input fuse to protect the mixer circuits in the unlikely event of a failure or excessive power surge. If you need to replace the fuse always use one of the same type and rating as printed on the rear panel. If the replacement fuse blows then refer to your authorised Allen & Heath service agent for advice.

Power ON/OFF switch – Press to switch the mixer on. Press again to switch it off.

Switching the mixer on – Press the ON/OFF switch. The rear panel blue Power indicator lights. The mixer takes just a few seconds to boot up. It restores its previous settings. LR mix is selected and its processing shown on the screen.

Note – To avoid loud thumps, do not switch the mixer on or off while the PA speakers are powered. Always switch the amplifiers on last, and switch them off first.

Switching the mixer off – First select the Home screen. Touch Shut Down to safely complete processes such as parameter storing and USB data transfer or recording. Once complete, press the ON/OFF switch to turn the mixer off.

5. Connecting dSNAKE Remote Audio

The Qu mixer provides local sockets on its rear panel for all audio inputs and outputs. It can also work with remote audio by connecting over a single cable 'digital snake' to an Allen & Heath AudioRack, or to the Allen & Heath ME Personal Mixing System.

5.1 Connecting to a remote AudioRack

The Qu can connect to an Allen & Heath AudioRack so that the audio can be plugged into a rack on stage and routed to the mixer over a single Cat5 cable 'digital snake' plugged into its dSNAKE port.





dSNAKE carries:

- Up to 38 remote input signals
- Up to 16 remote output signals
- 40 personal mixing sends
- Preamp control Gain, Pad, 48V



The Qu mixer provides a locking Neutrik EtherCon socket to protect the connections and ensure suitability for touring. Use a touring grade cable fitted with locking EtherCon plugs.

Maximum cable length = 120m (396')depending on cable type. Recommended maximum length = 100m (330'). The 'digital snake' – dSNAKE provides a convenient, single Cat5 cable alternative to the typical heavy analogue copper multicore to connect many inputs and outputs on stage. One cable carries multiple channels of audio in both directions together with remote control of the preamps.

Cat5 cable – Use STP (shielded twisted pair) Cat5e or higher cables. Those with both foil and braided screens provide shielding from interference and are generally more rugged. Stranded core cables are less prone to damage when kinked or repeatedly coiled.

Remote Inputs - dSNAKE inputs are mapped one-toone to the Qu input channels. They are not patchable.

Note - dSNAKE does not add channels to the mixer. Choose either Local (rear panel) or dSNK (remote) input for each channel.

Remote Outputs - Qu outputs can be patched to the output sockets on the remote racks. These duplicate the outputs on the Qu rear panel.



Connecting Qu to the AudioRack – Plug one end of your Cat5 'digital snake' into the Qu mixer dSNAKE port. Plug the other end into the dSNAKE port of the AudioRack.

Connecting a second AudioRack – The AR2412 and AB168 AudioRacks include an EXPANDER port. You can use this to connect to an AR84 or AB168 AudioRack.

Note – The AR2412 AudioRack cannot be used as an expander in a Qu system.

Note – You can connect up to two AudioRacks in a Qu system. This includes the main rack and one expander rack.

Once connected and powered up, the Qu touch screen should display the 'dS' icon in its toolbar to show that one or more dSNAKE devices are recognised by the system.



Available AudioRacks:

AB168 16 Mic/Line in, 8 Line out - Floor, shelf or rack mount

The AB168 AudioRack can be used as a stage box on the floor or a surface, or mounted in a 19" rack using the optional rack ears.



EXPANDER – To connect to a second AB168 to add more input and output sockets. Also compatible with the Allen & Heath ME personal mixing system.

dSNAKE – To connect to the Qu mixer using a Cat5 digital snake.





EXPANDER – To connect to an AR84 or AB168 to add more input and output sockets.

MONITOR – To connect to the Allen & Heath ME personal mixing system.

dSNAKE – To connect to the Qu mixer using a Cat5 digital snake.

AR84 8 Mic/Line in, 4 Line out - Rack mount



EXPANDER – To connect to the Expander port of the AR2412, or connect directly to the Qu mixer via its dSNAKE port.



Inputs – Use the **Preamp** screen **Fn** key **Source** page to choose either 'Local' or 'dSNK' (remote) for each channel source. AudioRack Input sockets are not patchable. They are mapped one-to-one to each Qu channel.

Note – Adding an AudioRack does not expand the number of Qu channels available.

Outputs – The Qu mixer outputs will appear simultaneously at its rear panel sockets and also at the sockets on the remote rack. AudioRack output sockets are patchable. Qu outputs can be patched to the rack sockets using the **Setup / Output Patch / dSNAKE** screen.

5.2 Qu Systems

The Qu mixer has sockets for all its inputs and outputs on its rear panel and can therefore be used without any additional rack. However, if you wish to use a digital snake to connect remote stage audio to the mixer using a single Cat5 cable then there are several rack options available. The following diagrams show suggested combinations:







ME Personal Mixing System – The Qu system can interface directly or via the ME-U hub to ME-1 personal mixers using any available dSNAKE, EXPANDER or MONITOR port.



5.3 The ME Personal Mixing System

The Allen & Heath ME Personal Mixing System can be used with the Qu mixer. This provides customisable personal monitor control for individual musicians and performers on stage.



ME-1 personal mixer – A compact personal mixer able to work with up to 40 channels. Features built-in headphones and monitor output. Intuitive and easy to operate, its 16 select keys can be configured to provide as much or as little control as the musician needs.

The 40 ME channels are mapped from the Qu input channel direct outputs, FX and mixes to dSNAKE. Qu sends audio and stereo status information. Channels can be chosen and grouped to ME-1 keys using the setup function available on the ME-1 mixer.

Multiple ME-1 mixers can be connected in series (daisy chained) by linking the output of one to the input of the next. Alternatively, they can be connected in parallel and powered over their Cat5 cables using a standard PoE Ethernet switch or the Allen & Heath **ME-U** hub. The ME connects directly to a dSNAKE compatible port using a Cat5 cable.

Connecting ME to the AR2412 AudioRack - ME-1 mixers, a standard Ethernet switch or the ME-U hub can be plugged into either or both the AR2412 MONITOR and EXPANDER ports.



Connecting ME to the Qu mixer - ME-1 mixers, a standard Ethernet switch or the ME-U hub can be plugged directly into the Qu dSNAKE port if you are not using this to connect to an AudioRack. Power can be provided over the Cat5 by the ME-U or a PoE switch.



Find out more about the ME Personal Mixing System at www.allen-heath.com

6. Operational Overview

This section provides an overview of the Qu layout and operation to help you get started quickly. The Qu-16 mixer is shown here.



Channel select Sel key

6.1 Fader Strips



The Qu mixer has a group of fader strips, one per channel. These provide access to the input and master channel levels and processing.

The main channel levels, master levels and all sends to the FX and mixes can be easily viewed and adjusted using the faders. The faders can also be used to adjust the Graphic EQ while in Fader Flip mode.

The faders are motorised and instantly move to show the current settings when the layer or function is changed.

Layers – There are three Layers. These provide access to inputs and masters as identified by the labels alongside the layer select keys. Indicators next to the keys show which layer is active.

Press the lower key to access the mono channels.

Press the upper key to access the 3 stereo channels, FX returns, FX sends and Mix masters.

Press both keys together to access the user assignable Custom layer.

Note – There is an option in the **Setup / Control / Custom Layer** screen to enable 'Custom Layer only'. This lets you choose which channels the user should have access to.

Layers															
ST1	ST2	ST3	FX1 Ret	FX2 Ret	FX3 Ret	FX4 Ret	FX1	FX2	Mix1	Mix2	Mix3	Mix4	Mix5-6	Mix7-8	Mix9-10
							Selic	Sena	Imaater	master	master	master	master	master	masici
- Custom 😁															
CH1	CH2	СНЗ	CH4	CH5	CH6	CH7	СНВ	CH9	CH10	CH11	CH12	CH13	CH14	CH15	CH16

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Mute key – Press to turn off the channel audio signal. This affects the send to all mixes including LR, groups, effects and stage monitors. The key lights red when muted. It flashes when muted by a Mute or DCA Group master.

Sel key (select) – Press to access the **Channel Processing**. Parameters can be adjusted using the SuperStrip controls. The touch screen will display the settings and provide additional controls if either the **Processing** or **Routing** screen is active. The Sel key is also used for:

Assign mix routing – Hold down the 'Assign' key and press Sel keys to assign channels to the mix currently selected in the Master Strip. The Sel keys light green to show channels assigned to the selected mix.

Assign Pre/Post fade sends – Hold down the 'Pre Fade' key and press Sel keys to toggle channel sends pre or post fader for the mix currently selected in the Master Strip. The Sel keys light green to show channels set pre-fade.

Copy channel processing – Hold down the Copy key and press a channel Sel key to copy its processing settings. Then hold down the Paste key and press one or more Sel keys to instantly paste those settings to other channels.

Reset channel processing – Hold down the Reset key and press a channel Sel key to instantly reset all its processing to factory default.

Reset Graphic EQ band – Press Sel to reset the associated GEQ frequency band to 0dB while in GEQ Flip mode.

PAFL key – Press to listen to a channel using headphones and check its level on the main meters. The meter PAFL indicator lights. Press PAFL again to turn it off. A SoftKey can be assigned to clear all active PAFL selections. Options are available in the Setup / Audio / PAFL screen to choose how you want PAFL to work:

Additive mode – Pressing a PAFL key automatically cancels any previous selection. Turn Additive on to PAFL more than one channel at a time.

Sel follow PAFL – Link the Sel switch so that pressing PAFL automatically selects the processing for that channel.

 $\ensuremath{\text{LR}}$ to $\ensuremath{\text{PAFL}}$ – Routes the main LR mix to the monitor when there is no PAFL selected.

Output AFL – This option sets the mix strip PAFL keys to monitor AFL (afterfade listen). With this option turned off these keys monitor PFL (pre-fade listen). The default is AFL so that you can check mixes after the master fader.

Input AFL – This option sets the input strip PAFL keys to monitor AFL (afterfade listen). With this option turned off these keys monitor PFL (pre-fade listen). PFL is the usual setting for inputs so that you can check and set their gain before you bring up the faders.

Channel meter – The strip meters let you keep an eye on signal levels while you are mixing. These display channel level before the fader and mute control:

Pk – Lights red to warn that the signal is too hot and gain or trim should be reduced. It turns on 3dB before clipping to warn you before audible distortion. Pk senses the signal at several points within the channel.

0 – Lights when the signal reaches nominal 0dBu allowing a healthy 18dB headroom. This is the normal level for mixing.

Sig – Lights to show signal presence. It turns on at -26dBu.

Fader – Controls the level of the input channel, FX or mix master assigned to it. This can be the main channel fader or a send to an effect or mix depending on which Mix Select key is active in the Master Strip.

The faders can also control the Graphic EQ frequency bands while in GEQ Flip mode. The range of frequencies accessed by the faders is highlighted in the touch screen and labelled at the top of the faders. The centre 0dB flat position is marked on the fader scale.

6.2 Channel Naming

Qu channels, FX, mixes and groups can be named using the screen keypad. The following can be named:



Masters DCA Group Assign	Mute	Group Assign
DCA Groups	Mute Groups	On SoftKey
DCA Grp1 DCA Grp2 DCA Grp3 DCA Grp4		Mute Grp 1 🗸
Mute Mute Mute		Mute Grp 2 🗸
Level 0 dB U dB U dB U dB U dB U dB U dB U dB		Mute Grp 3 🗸
Close Current 15) Polity Next 15)	Polly	
Masters DCA Group Assign	Mute	Group Assign
DCA Groups	Mute Groups	On SoftKey

DCA Grp4

Band

Scenes	Global Filter	Safes		
Input patch Inputs (FX) Allow Allow CHIST Procentry Allow Allow CHIST Allow Names Faders/Pan Block Allow Allow Allow	Recall Filter affects all Scenes X patch Allow Caram Allow Mates Allow Names Fadors Ballow Names Fadors Ballow	Output Pater Allow MTX Allow Allow Allow Allow Allow Allow Allow Allow Allow Allow Allow Allow		
Curr:15) Polly	Next-16) Ahee			

Mono input channels Stereo input channels FX Returns FX Sends Mix LR Groups Matrix Mute Groups DCA Groups

Channel names

The name is displayed at the top left of the **Processing** and **Routing** screens. The name can be edited from the **Processing** screen.

The pencil icon appears when the name is blank. All names are cleared when the Qu mixer is reset or the 'Reset Mix Settings' scene is recalled.

Touch the name box to open the screen keypad and edit the name.

Names can have up to 6 characters.

Touch the Shift button to type in an uppercase character. Touch the button twice for Caps Lock.

Mute and DCA Group names

Open the **Routing** screen **Fn** key **Mute/DCA** page to view the Mute and DCA Group masters. Their names are displayed.

Touch a name box to open the screen keypad and edit the name.

Qu-Pad iPad app names

Names stored in the Qu mixer are sent to the iPad. These are displayed and can be edited using the iPad.

Names and Scene memories

Names are stored as part of the Qu mixer Scene memories.

You can block or allow names in Scene recall using the Global and per scene Filters. Three filter items affect names:

- Input/FX Names CH, ST, Groups and FX Returns
- Output Names FX Sends, Mix, LR, Matrix
- Mute/DCA Grp Masters Mute and DCA names

DCA Grp1 | DCA Grp2 | DCA Grp3 |

6.3 Channel Processing

The **SuperStrip** provides familiar, analogue feel, one function per knob control of channel and mix master processing such as equalisers and dynamics. The Touch Screen displays the parameter values and provides additional related controls while in the **Processing** screen. This processing is accessed using the fader strip **Sel** keys.



The following processing is available:

Mono input CH	= Source, Preamp, HPF, Gate, PEQ, Compressor, Delay, Stereo Linking
Stereo input ST1-3	= Source, Preamp, HPF, Gate, PEQ, Compressor, Delay
FX Return 1-4	= FX parameters, PEQ
Groups (not Qu-16)	= Parametric EQ, Graphic EQ, Compressor, Delay
Mix1-10, LR	= Parametric EQ, Graphic EQ, Compressor, Delay
Matrix (not Qu-16)	= Parametric EQ, Graphic EQ, Compressor, Delay



6.5 Working with Processing Libraries:



- Press the 'Library' Fn key to open and close the related Library page.
- Use the left hand list for individual processing libraries or the right hand list for complete input channel processing libraries including the preamp.
- Store Touch 'Store New'. Enter a name using the screen keypad to store a new User Library. You can store up to 128 Libraries.
- Recall Highlight a library item and touch 'Recall' to instantly recall its settings. Turn on 'Recall Preamp' if you want to recall the preamp settings.
- Edit Highlight a library item and touch 'Overwrite' to overwrite an existing library with the current settings, or 'Delete' to delete it from the list. Touch the 'Name' box to edit its name.



Choose either Qu-Drive or USB (affects all channels)

Local (red Gain)



dSNAKE (yellow Gain)



Qu-Drive (dark blue Gain)







Preamp

An analogue preamplifier ('head amp') matches each connected microphone or line signal to the operating level of the console before it gets converted to digital to be processed and mixed with the other channels.

Source lets you choose one of four sources as the input to the channel:

Local – Mic/Line sockets on the Qu rear panel.

dSNK - Remote preamps via dSNAKE.

Qu-Drv – Playback from USB hard drive.

USB B – Audio streaming from a Mac computer.

Press the Fn key to open the Source screen.

Touch the CH buttons to highlight those you wish to change. Select the source from the list.

Channel Preamp source

Local (red Gain) – Rear panel Mic/Line sockets feeding the internal Qu mixer preamps. These are padless preamps featuring wide gain range.

dSNAKE (yellow Gain) – Remote preamps located in an AudioRack on stage or other remote location and connected to the Qu dSNAKE port via a Cat5 cable. The AudioRack preamps include 20dB Pad switching.

Channel USB source

Qu-Drive source (blue Gain) – Stereo or multitrack playback from a USB hard drive plugged into the top panel Qu-Drive port. Provides a +/-24dB Trim control.

USB B source (blue Gain) – Multi-channel streaming from a Mac computer via the rear panel USB B port. Provides a +/-24dB Trim control.

The panel **USB Select** key in the SuperStrip switches between the current Preamp source (Local or dSNAKE) and the current USB source (Qu-Drive or USB B).

Phantom Power

Turn on **48V** if the connected device requires phantom power, for example a condenser microphone or active DI box. Touch and hold for 1 second to toggle on or off. This prevents accidental operation.

Note - To prevent audible thumps make sure the channel is muted before switching 48V on or off. Do not plug or unplug sources while phantom power is on.







Gain

Turn up Gain so that the average loud signal reads into the yellow of the meter. Turn down if any red peak light flashes.

Polarity

Touch $\boldsymbol{\varnothing}$ to reverse the polarity of the input signal, for example that of the lower mic when working with two microphones on a snare drum.

Other functions in the Preamp section

Insert switches an internal FX in or out if one has been patched into the channel. The button is disabled when the insert is not patched. The FX is inserted between the preamp and EQ.

Use the **FX** / **Back panel** screen to choose and assign one of the 4 internal FX as an Insert into a channel.

Delay up to 85ms can be added to each input channel. In most cases delay is not needed, but can be useful in time aligning sound from the PA to the acoustic sound from an instrument on stage. Allow 1ms per foot distance as a starting point.

Linking lets you gang the preamp, processing and routing of an odd/even mono channel pair for stereo operation. All parameters including the preamp, processing and routing are linked. Pan becomes a width control when linked. Some parameters can be removed from the link using the buttons:

Preamp – Gain/Pad/48V, Polarity Dynamics (Compressor and Gate) - Side Chains Main mix – Fader/Mute, Pan

Touch Apply to accept your changes.

Gate

The Noise Gate can be switched in to dynamically turn off the audio when it drops below a certain level. For example, to reduce resonant decay of a kick drum or floor tom, or hiss of a noisy keyboard.

Use the **In** key to switch the Gate in or out. This is similar to inserting an outboard rack mounted device into the Insert socket on an analogue console channel.

Set **Depth** for how much signal reduction you want when the gate closes. 20dB is a typical setting. Sound check the instrument and reduce **Threshold** to shut off as much of the tail of the signal as you want. The **GR** indicator lights and red screen meter shows the amount of reduction when the gate is closed.

Note – The lower part of the Gate meter is a darker green to show signal 'noise' level below -40dB.

Hold sets how long the gate remains open after dropping below the threshold. **Attack** sets how fast the gate opens when the signal rises above the threshold. **Release** sets how fast it closes when dropping below the threshold. Experiment with these controls to achieve smooth operation without a pumping effect.







Touch the curve to turn the colour fill option on or off.





HPF (high pass filter)

The HPF is used to reduce unwanted low frequency sounds such as vocal popping, wind noise and stage rumble.

Switch the HPF in using the **In** key. Use the panel rotary or screen button and rotary to sweep the cut-off frequency until you have reduced the unwanted sound. The filter has a 12dB slope and can be swept from 20Hz to 2kHz. The violet screen curve shows the resulting frequency response.

PEQ (parametric equaliser)

The Parametric Equaliser allows tonal adjustment of the channel sound. It provides independent control of 4 frequency bands:

LF (low frequency) LM (low mid frequency) HM (high mid frequency) HF (high frequency)

Each provides 3 parameters that can be adjusted:

Gain – Boost or cut frequencies by up to 15dB. Centre 0dB is flat response (no affect).

Frequency – Each band can sweep its centre point frequency across the full range from 20Hz to 20kHz. This means you can overlap bands and have more precise control over problem frequency areas.

Width – Each band has a bell-shaped response. The width of the bell can be varied from a very wide 1.5 octaves affecting many frequencies to a very narrow 1/9th octave affecting a small range of frequencies. Setting LF or HF to widest position using the screen rotary changes its response to shelving.

Experiment with the controls to hear their affect on different sounds. Switch the PEQ in or out using the **In** key to compare the sound. It is better to cut rather than boost frequencies where possible.

Compressor

The Compressor is a powerful tool for controlling the dynamics of the sound, for example to smooth out a bass guitar or to narrow the dynamic range of a vocal to make it more intelligible in a busy mix. At its extreme setting the compressor can be used as a limiter to prevent the signal exceeding a preset maximum level.

A compressor works by dynamically reducing the amount of gain when the signal increases above a certain threshold. This pulls back loud moments. Applying 'make-up' gain restores the average volume and also has the effect of bringing up quiet moments. The result is a reduced dynamic range.

While listening to the signal adjust **Thres** (threshold) to set the point at which compression starts. The GR indicator and red screen meter will start to show that compression is active. Set **Ratio** for how much compression you want from none (1:1) to full limiting (Inf). A ratio of 3:1 is a good starting point.











Use the **In** key to switch the compressor in and out and turn up **Gain** so that the average volume is similar.

Attack sets how fast the compressor starts to work when the threshold is reached. **Release** sets how fast it stops compressing when the signal drops below the threshold. For example, adjust these to achieve a 'punchy' dynamic sound, or smooth out the response to reduce an audible 'pumping' effect.

Two 'knee' settings are available. **Hard Knee** means that compression is applied at the set ratio as soon as the threshold is reached. **Soft Knee** means that the compression ratio increases gradually from 1:1 to the set ratio as it approaches the threshold. The curve illustrates this.

4 Compressor types are available using the dropdown menu. Two 'Manual' types allow user control of attack and release. Two 'Auto' types provide automatic control of the compressor dynamics.

Experiment with the effect of the compressor settings on different sounds. Try to use compression only where it is needed, and avoid compression in stage monitor speakers.

Mix processing

The mix masters provide PEQ, GEQ, Compressor, FX Insert capability and output Delay.

Insert switches an internal FX in or out if one has been patched into the mix. The button is disabled when the insert is not patched. The FX is inserted at the start of the processing before the EQ.

Use the **FX** / **Back panel** screen to choose and assign one of the 4 internal FX as an Insert into a mix.

Delay up to 170ms can be added to each mix output. This is typically used to time align the PA to the acoustic sound from the instruments on stage, or to align fill loudspeakers to the main PA. Allow 1ms per foot distance as a starting point.

GEQ (graphic equaliser)

The Graphic EQ is a popular tool for tuning out resonant frequencies in PA systems, for example when ringing out monitor speakers.

The GEQ allows tonal adjustment of the overall mix sound. It splits the 20Hz to 20kHz audio frequency range into 28 standard 1/3 octave bands from 31.5Hz to 16kHz allowing +/-12dB cut or boost.

Touch the screen **In** button to switch the GEQ in or out. Touch a slider to highlight it and use the **screen rotary** to cut or boost its frequency. This affects a small range of frequencies 1/3 octave wide centred on the frequency marked below the slider. The position of the sliders shows the approximate shape of the resulting frequency response curve.



Press the **GEQ Fader Flip** key to view and adjust the GEQ on the faders while a mono or the LR mix is selected. The screen highlights the active range of frequencies. Press the switch again to change range or return to normal mix mode.

The faders toggle between the lower and higher ranges of frequencies with a useful overlap. The frequencies are shown on screen and marked on the panel above the faders.

The fader strip **Sel** key turns on when the slider is at 0dB mid (flat) position while in fader flip mode. Press a Sel key to return a slider to 0dB.

It is better to cut rather than boost frequencies when tuning speakers using the GEQ.



6.6 Processing Libraries



 V start
 PEQ Library

 V start
 PEQ Library

 Bass
 Stocal

 Kick
 Speech

 Vox M
 V start

 Overwrite
 Store New

 Delete
 Store New

Processing block settings can be stored as Libraries:

- PEQ
- GEQ
- Gate
- Comp
- Channel (Preamp, Gate, PEQ, Comp, Delay)

You can store up to 128 library items including all types.

Press the **Fn** key on the related **Processing** screen to open the **Library** page. The Channel library is available from its Gate, PEQ and Comp screens.

Channel Library – This is available for the mono and stereo input channels. Turn the 'Recall Preamp' option on if you want to recall the Preamp settings with the channel processing. This includes all its Local, dSNAKE and USB preamp settings.

Factory Libraries – A few built-in libraries are available to give you a starting point. These cannot be deleted or edited.

User Libraries – You can name and save your often used settings for quick recall.

Library lists – The left hand list displays related processing block libraries, for example the PEQ. The right hand list displays libraries for complete input channel processing.

6.7 Channel Routing

The Touch Screen presents tabs to access the channel assignments and send levels when its fader strip **Sel** key is selected and the Touch Screen **Routing** screen is active. The Channel Block **Pan** control provides quick access to the related mix pan setting for the channel. The **Fn** key is used to access the Mute Group masters while in any Routing screen.



6.8 Working with the Routing screens



- Press a fader strip Sel key.
- Press the Touch Screen Routing key.
- Touch the tabs at the top of the screen.
- Touch screen buttons and use the rotary.
- Press the Fn key to access the Mute and DCA Groups.



Pan

The rotary Pan control becomes active when an input channel **Sel** key is active. Its function depends on currently selected Master Strip mix:

> LR = Channel main pan FX send = Disabled Group (Qu-24) = Channel main pan Mono Mix1-4 = Disabled Stereo Mix5-10 = Channel send pan

Pan becomes a Width control when linked for two input channels – Panning one to the left automatically pans the other by the same amount to the right.

Channel Routing screen

Adjust the channel Direct Output **Trim** from off to +10dB gain. The Direct Outputs can be patched to feed the internal FX devices, for example a delay effect send for a single vocal. They also feed the dSNAKE Monitor outputs (ME Personal Mixing System), and can be set as the CH/ST channel USB source.

The channel **source for the Direct Outputs** can be changed on this screen. This is a global setting affecting all channel direct outputs.

Typical Direct out settings:

- FX send = Post Delay, Follow fader, Follow mute
- ME Monitor = Post Comp, pre-fader, Follow mute





Mix Sends FX Sends Group Assign

Post

On

Level -Inf di FX 4

Post

On

Level Inf dB

FX 2

Post

On

Level -Inf dB

FX 1

Post

On

Level Inf dE

DCA Curr:15) Poll

Channel Mix Sends screen

Use this screen to work with the sends and assignments from one channel to all the mixes.

Each send can be set **Pre** or **Post** fader. It is typical to set monitor sends pre-fade so that the channel fader does not affect the monitor mixes, and to set effects and fill speaker sends post-fade so that their levels do follow the faders.

The channel can be assigned (routed) **On** or **Off** to each mix. Touch the **Level** and **Pan** buttons and use the screen rotary to adjust their settings.

To work with the sends and assignments from all channels to one mix use the Master Strip **Mix** keys and the fader strips.

Channel FX Sends screen

Use this screen to work with the sends and assignments from one channel to the FX mixes. These are for Mix>Return effects such as reverb and delay.

The sends can be set **Pre** or **Post** fader but it is usual to leave these set post-fade so that the effects follow the channel fader level. Each send can be assigned **On** or **Off**. Its **Level** can be adjusted here.

To work with the sends and assignments from all channels to one FX mix use the Master Strip Mix keys and the fader strips.

Qu-16 FX3 and FX4 do not have dedicated sends. However, you can assign any of the Mix1-10 buses to feed these. To do this use the FX / Back panel screen.

Channel Audio Group Assign screen

The Qu-24 includes two stereo Group mixes, and the Qu-32 has four. Groups are not available on the Qu-16.

This screen lets you assign one channel to all groups.

To work with the assignments from all channels to one group use the Master Strip **Mix** keys and the Assign + fader strip **Sel** keys.



6.9 Working with the Groups (not Qu-16)

Each Group provides:

- Stereo routing
- Source Assign to Group
- Master Fader and Mute
- Output Balance
- Routing to LR and Matrix
- PEQ
- GEQ
- Compressor
- Delay
- FX insert

Mono and stereo input channels and FX returns can be routed to groups. Group routing follows the channel faders and pan. They do not have send levels.

You can use a Group to sub mix several channels for single fader level control, or to process several channels, for example:

- FX return or stereo drum sub mix
- Compressor over several backing singers
- Single EQ over several lavalier microphones
- Grouping signals for recording or ME monitoring

For sub mixing – Assign channels to the Group rather than LR, then assign the Group to LR.

Access the Group masters using the Master Strip Mix keys.



Gain/Trim	t HPF	GATE	PEQ	COMP	
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Mix Routing

Select a mix master **Sel** key while the **Routing** screen is active to:

Adjust the **Output Balance** between Left and Right of a stereo mix or LR.

Choose the global **Channel Source** for the selected mix. This is the point in the channel signal path that feeds the mix.

- Choose **Post-Preamp** if you want the sources to the mix to not be affected by any of the channel processing.
- Choose **Pre-EQ** for a monitor mix if you do not want the channel EQ to affect the monitor.
- Choose **Post-EQ** if you want the EQ but not the compressor to affect the monitor.
- Choose **Post-All** processing for FX sends.

Mix to Matrix Sends (not Qu-16)

The Qu-24 and Qu-32 include two stereo Matrix mixes. These are not available on the Qu-16.

The Groups, Mixes and LR can be sent to the Matrix.

The sends to the matrix can be set **Pre** or **Post** the send master fader. Each send can be assigned **On** or **Off**. Its **Level** and **Pan** to the matrix can be adjusted here.



Matrix All Sends View

To work with the sends and assignments from all mixes to one matrix use the Matrix master **Routing** screen **Fn** key **Matrix View**.

Touch a mix source box. Use the right of the screen to adjust its parameters. Touch the buttons and value boxes and use the screen Rotary.

6.10 V

Working with the Matrix (not Qu-16)

Each Matrix provides:

- Stereo mixing
- Source send Levels, Pan and Assign
- Master Fader and Mute
- Output Balance
- PEQ
- GEQ
- Compressor
- Delay
- FX Insert

A Matrix is a 'mixer within the mixer'. Inputs route to the Groups, Mixes and LR. These can then be routed to the Matrix to provide additional outputs, for example:

- Stereo recording, video or broadcast
- Delay fill speakers

Access the Matrix masters using the top fader Layer, or assign them to the Custom Layer.

Patch the Matrix to Alt Out, AES Out and USB audio.

6.11 Mute and DCA Groups

The Qu mixer provides 4 Mute Groups and 4 DCA Groups. These let you control the levels of groups of channels or mixes.

Mute Group – Provides a single master **Mute** key to mute or unmute all channels assigned to the group. This is similar to pressing the Mute keys of all assigned channels at the same time. All channel pre-fade and post-fade sends are affected. This means that sends to FOH (LR mix), effects and monitors will all be turned off when the assigned Mute Group is muted using its master key.

Examples - Mute Groups provide a quick way to mute multiple channels during band changeovers, groups of instruments when they are not being played, or to turn off effects such as reverb when the performer is talking between songs.

DCA Groups – A DCA (Digitally Controlled Attenuator) provides remote control of the levels of the channels assigned to it. Unlike a stereo Group, audio does not pass through a DCA Group. Instead, the audio levels are controlled at the channels by information sent from the DCA master.

The DCA master **Fader** adjusts the level of assigned channels at their channel fader point and before the Pan control. This means that post-fade levels to the LR mix and effects are adjusted. Pre-fade monitor sends are not affected. The fader adjusts from fully off to +10dB boost. A channel can have a maximum +10dB boost including its own fader and control from any assigned DCA group faders. When a DCA fader is at its '0' position it has no effect on the channel levels. This is the typical starting point when working with DCA Groups.

The DCA master **Mute** key behaves the same as a Mute Group master. It affects all pre-fade and post-fade channel sends including LR, effects and monitors. DCA Mute keys can be used as additional Mute Groups simply by setting their master faders to '0'.

Examples – DCA Groups provide convenient single fader level control of multiple channels such as drums, backing vocals, stage and radio mics.

The following sources can be assigned to Mute Groups:

- Mono and stereo Input Channels
- FX Send masters
- FX Return channels
- Mixes 1-10 and LR
- Stereo Groups (not Qu-16)

Matrix masters cannot be assigned to Mute Groups.

сн 2	Mix S	Sends	FX Sends	Audio Group Assign	Mute/DCA Group Assign
DCA Grp1	DCA Grp2	DCA Grp3 Out	DCA Grp4	Mute Grp 1	On SoftKey
				Mute Grp 2 Out	~
				Mute Grp 3 Out	 ✓
				Mute Grp 4 Out	~
Mute/DCA	Curr:		Next:1)		



Assigning one source to many Groups

Press the source fader strip **Sel** key and select the Touch Screen **Routing** screen.

Open the Mute/DCA Group Assign tab. Use this screen to assign the channel to any combination of the Mute and DCA Groups.

A green tick next to a Mute Group button indicates that its master is available on a SoftKey.

Assigning many sources to one Group

While in any **Routing** screen press the **Fn** key to open the **Mute/DCA** view.

This opens in the **Masters** tab. The master Mutes and DCA levels are accessed in this tab. There are two tabs to access the group assignments.

Masters	DCA Grou	ip Assign	Mute Gro	o up Assign
Mute Grp 1	Mute Grp 2	Mute Grp 3	Mute Grp 4	
CH1 CF	H2 CH3	CH4 CH5	CH6 CH	IT CH8
CH9 CH Out O	ut Out	CH12 CH13 Out Out	CH14 CH Out OI	15 CH16 It Out
CH17 CH Out O	ut Out	CH20 CH21 Out Out	CH22 CH Out OI	23 CH24 It Out
ST1 S1 Out O	rz sta ut Out		Mix	All
Close Curr:		Next:1)		
Masters	DCA Grou	ıp Assign	Mute Gro	• up Assign
Mute Grp 1	Mute Grp 2	Mute Grp 3	Mute Grp 4	
FX1 Ret FX2 Out O Mix1 Mi	Ret FX3 Ret ut Out (ix2 Mix3	FX4 Ret FX1 Send Out Out Mix4 Mix5-6	FX2 Send FX3 S Out Ou Mix7-8 Mix5	Send FX4 Send ut Out
Grp1-2 Grp Out 0	ut Out 13-4 ut			
			Inputs	All

To assign Mute Groups - Select the **Mute Group Assign** tab, then touch the tab for the Mute Group you wish to assign.

To assign DCA Groups - Select the **DCA Group Assign** tab, then touch the tab for the DCA Group you wish to assign.

All sources to that group are shown. The larger Qu mixers present two pages of assignments. Touch the arrow button to navigate between the two pages.

Touch buttons to assign sources in or out of the group.

Touch the **All** button to turn all the assignments in or out. This affects assignments on both pages.

A yellow dot o in the tab indicates that one or more sources are assigned within the tab.

Press the Fn key again to close the Mute/DCA view.



6.13 Using DCA Groups



Fn key



Sat Sat There are 5 ways to access the DCA Groups:

1. All Qu mixers provide DCA master controls in the **Routing** screen **Mute/DCA** view **Masters** tab. Press the **Fn** key to open this view.

Touch a **Mute** button to mute or unmute a DCA group. Touch a DCA **Level** box and use the screen rotary to adjust its level. Its value is shown in the box.

2. The **Qu-32** provides dedicated DCA fader control strips on its Master layer. These provide direct access to the 4 DCA groups.

3. On all Qu mixers, you can assign any combination of DCA Masters to fader strips in the **Custom Layer**. Do this using the **Setup / Control / Custom Layer** screen.



4. Assign and use one or more **SoftKeys** as DCA Group Mute keys. Any DCA Group mute can be assigned to any SoftKey.

5. Use the **Qu-Pad** iPad app DCA Group strips.

The Mute key will flash red if the channel is muted by a Mute or DCA Group.

A short flash shows it is muted by the group only. A long flash shows it is muted by its Mute key and a Mute or DCA group.



Start with the DCA Master level set to 0dB. At this setting it has no effect on the channel levels. Raise or lower the master level to adjust the post-fade levels of all sources assigned to the DCA Group.

DCA Groups can be used as **additional Mute Groups** when their masters are set to 0dB.

Note – If there is no signal when you raise a channel fader check that it has not been turned down by any DCA master assigned to it.



6.14 The Master Strip

Qu provides a dedicated fader strip for the Mix Masters. It presents the fader and controls for the mix currently selected using the **Mix** keys alongside. The sends to the selected mix are presented on the channel faders. They move to show the current settings. This provides a very quick way to access each mix without the need to switch to the Masters layer.



Mute key – Press to turn off the mix master audio signal. The Mute key lights red when the audio is muted.

Sel key (select) – Press to access the mix **Processing** (PEQ, GEQ, Compressor, Delay) and its **Routing** parameters using the SuperStrip and Touch Screen. The screen presents related parameters while its **Processing** or **Routing** key is active.

The Sel key can also be used to:

Copy mix processing – Hold down the Copy key and press the Sel key to copy the processing settings. Then select a different **Mix**, hold down the Paste key and press the Sel key to instantly paste those settings to that mix.

Reset mix processing – Hold down the Reset key and press the Sel key to instantly reset all its processing to factory default.

Assign all sources – Hold down the Assign key and press the Sel key to toggle all sources on (assigned) or off to the mix.

Set all sources Pre or Post-Fade – Hold down the Pre Fade key and press the Sel key to toggle all sources Pre or Post Fade.

PAFL key – Press to listen to a mix using headphones and check its level on the main meters. The meter PAFL indicator lights. Press PAFL again to turn it off. A SoftKey can be assigned to Clear All active PAFL selections. Options are available in the Setup screen to choose how you want PAFL to work. The default setting is **AFL** (after-fade listen).

Mix meter – The strip meter lets you keep an eye on the mix master signal level. This is 'post-fader' and displays the level after the fader and mute control to follow the signal available at the output of the mixer.

 \mathbf{Pk} – Lights red to warn that the signal is too hot and mix level should be reduced. It turns on 3dB before clipping to warn you before audible distortion.

0 – Lights when the signal reaches nominal 0dBu allowing a healthy 18dB headroom. This is the normal level for mixing.

Sig - Lights to show signal presence. It turns on at -26dBu.

Fader – Controls the level of the mix master currently selected. There is +10dB boost available. Normal setting is around the '0' position.

Mix Select keys – These select which mix master is presented on the master strip. Only one can be active at any time. Press a key to select a mix. The channel faders move to become the sends to the selected mix. Channels can be assigned using the Sel keys. Press the key again turn return to the main LR mix.

LR sets the strip to control the main LR mix. This is the normal selection for mixing the FOH (main PA) sound.

FX sets the strip to control the FX internal effects send master. The Qu-16 has 2 FX buses. The Qu-24 and Qu-32 have 4 FX buses.

Mix, Grp sets the strip to control one of the mono or stereo mix or Group masters. Groups are not available on the Qu-16.

The Mix key can also be used to **copy** or **reset** any of the FX and Mix send levels, pan and assignments. This does not affect the Pre/Post settings.

6.15 Working with the sends on faders:



- Select a Mix Press a Mix key. The master strip presents the mix fader and controls. The channel faders move to present the sends to that mix.
- Adjust Send levels For Mix and FX sends. Move the channel faders. These become the sends to the selected mix.
- Adjust Send pans While a stereo Mix is selected, press a channel Sel key and use the **Pan** control to pan its send in the mix.
- Assign sends to the mix Hold the Assign key to view the current channel assignments (routing) to the mix. The Sel keys light when the channel is assigned to the mix. To toggle individual assignments on or off, press channel Sel keys while holding Assign.
- **To toggle all assignments on or off** Hold the Assign key and press the master strip **Sel** key.
- Set sends Pre or Post fader For Mix and FX sends. Hold the Pre Fade key to view the current channel pre/post fade settings for the mix. The Sel keys light when set to Pre-fade. To toggle individual sends pre or post, press the channel Sel keys while holding Pre Fade. It is typical to use Pre-fade for monitor sends and Post-fade for effects sends.
- To toggle all sources Pre or Post Fade Hold the Pre Fade key and press the master strip Sel key.
- **Group mixes** Selecting a Grp mix lets you assign channels and FX returns to the group. The LR mix channel faders and pan positions remain active. Groups are not available on the Qu-16.
- Press the Mix key again or press LR to return to the main mix, or press another Mix key to adjust a different mix.

Note Always remember to return to the main LR mix once you have finished adjusting monitor or effects levels.



7. Touch Screen Mixing Functions

The Qu features an 800x480 pixel, colour touch screen for quick and intuitive setup and control of the mix. The Qu-16 and Qu-24 have 5" screens. The Qu-32 has a larger 7" screen.



Button – Touch to select its function or change its state. Some functions need be touched for at least 1 second to avoid accidental operation, for example switching 48V phantom power or resetting the mixer. These are marked '(Hold)'.



Parameter box – Touch to change its value. The box highlights orange to show it is selected and can be adjusted using the screen rotary.

Option Menu – Touch to open a list of options available. Scroll using the screen rotary and touch an item in the list to select it. Several menu lists are available within the screens, for example, to choose a compressor type.



Screen Rotary – Use this to change the value of the parameter in the box highlighted orange on the screen, or to scroll through lists.

Apply / **Cancel** – Some setup screens present several parameters associated with one function, for example channel linking. These can be chosen before they are applied. Touch **Apply** to accept the changes or **Cancel** to close the screen without accepting the changes.

Function Key – The **Fn** key provides access to further options associated with the currently selected screen, for example channel source selection and processing libraries. It is also used to access the Mute Group and Matrix mix settings. If available, its function will appear in the lower toolbar above the key. Press the key again to close the option screen.

This example shows access to the **Mute Groups** screens from within a Routing screen.



Library	Curr:15) Pol	ly Next:16) Abee dS +
	Library	Fn key function - for example to show that the key is available to select a Library or Options page.
		Scene information – Shows the number and name of the current (Curr:) and next (Next:) scenes.
		Curr:15) Polly Next:16) Abee
		Curr: is the last scene recalled. This is blank when the mixer powers up and only appears after a scene has been recalled.
		Next: is the scene highlighted in the Scenes list ready to be recalled. This information is useful when using the SoftKeys for scene recall during a theatre show.
		System messages – The scene information can be overwritten by system messages, for example when using the Copy/Paste/Reset keys.
	dS	dSNAKE device status – The yellow dS icon appears when an AudioRack device such as the AB168, AR2412 or AR84 is connected to the dSNAKE port and is identified as powered up and operational.
		Note – ME-1 personal monitor mixers can be used with the Qu mixer but are not recognised by the mixer. The dS icon will only appear when AudioRacks are connected.
	•	USB status – A USB symbol appears when a compatible USB key or drive is plugged into the Qu-Drive port and is recognised by the mixer. The symbol flashes while the drive is being read. If the symbol does not appear then the USB device may need formatting using the Qu Format utility.
		Qu-Drive transport status – The USB symbol is replaced with one or more icons to show the transport status of the Qu-Drive Stereo or Multitrack playback and recording.

7.1 Copy, Paste, Reset keys



Press + hold down one of these keys and then press another key or screen item to copy, paste or reset the related parameters. For example:

Copy – Press Copy + a channel **Sel** key to select its processing to copy. Press Paste + another channel **Sel** key to paste the processing to that channel.

You can **copy just one processing block** such as PEQ using its **In** key and then paste it into other channels using their strip **Sel** keys.

Reset – Press Reset + a channel **Sel** to instantly reset its processing to factory default settings.

The following Copy/Reset is supported:

- + Input strip Sel key = HPF, Gate, PEQ, Comp, Delay
- + Mix strip **Sel** key = PEQ, GEQ, Comp, Delay
- + Master Mix key = Send levels, Pans, Assign
- + Preamp USB key = Preamp only
- + HPF **In** key = HPF only
- + PEQ In key = PEQ only
- + Gate In key = Gate only
- + Comp In key = Compressor only
- + Fader Flip key = GEQ
- + touch Scene item in list = Scene contents

Note – Copy/Reset of **Mix** does not affect the Pre/Post fader settings.

7.2 The Sel screens – Processing and Routing



Processing Screen – When selected this screen presents the processing including Preamp, Gate, EQ, Compressor for the channel or master currently selected using its strip **Sel** key.

Touch the **top part** of the screen to select the processing block you wish to view or adjust, for example Preamp or PEQ. This section is known as the **TouchChannel**.

The **lower part** of the screen changes to provide access to the related parameters and additional related controls. Touch a parameter box and turn the screen rotary to change its value.

The physical controls in the **SuperStrip** and the touch controls in this screen provide quick access to live mixing functions.



Routing Screen – When selected this screen lets you access the assignment and routing for the channel or master currently selected using its strip **Sel** key.

This lets you work with routing to all mixes from one channel. To work with all channels to one mix use the Master Strip **Mix** keys and sends on faders.

The **Fn** key provides access to the Mute Group masters and assignments.

7.3 Home Screen



Press the Home key. Pressing it again restores the last selected **Sel** screen. The Home tab presents:

- Current Firmware version
- Current User
- The 4 Mute Group master buttons
- Shut Down button to safely shut down the mixer before turning power off
- Lock Surface to protect settings when the mixer is left unattended

7.4 Home Screen – User

Three User Profiles are available to protect selected functions and restrict user access, for example for volunteer operators in houses of worship, or guest engineers visiting venues. The Admin user has access to all functions and can set permissions and allocate passwords if required for the other users.



This screen lets you log in as one of 3 Users with different permissions:

- Admin Full access to all functions. This is the factory default and normal setting when User Profiles are not needed. Admin can set the passwords and permissions for the other users.
- Standard Operation only. The user is locked out of setup. Admin configures the channel/mix access, layout, patching and scene range to be allowed for the day-to-day or guest operator.
- Basic Faders and mutes only. This is for very simple level control. Admin can set access to none or a range of scenes for recall only.



intended user and application.

7.5 Home Screen – Meters



7.6 Home Screen – RTA



This screen provides a convenient view of all channel, mix and FX signal activity.

For optimum performance the loudest signals should read into the yellow. If any red Peak meter flashes then reduce the level of that signal to avoid possible distortion. Increase levels if the meter readings are consistently low.

The Qu-24 meters screen is shown here. Qu-32 provides two pages of meters. The Qu-16 does not include Group and Matrix meters.

This screen displays a Real Time Analyser (RTA) which analyses the frequency content of the audio signal currently being monitored using the PAFL keys.

It splits the frequency into 31 third octave bands from low 20Hz to high 20kHz, the same frequencies as used on a graphic equaliser. The dominant 'Peak Band' frequency displays in red.

The RTA is a useful tool to help you identify problem frequencies such as room resonance and feedback.

The iPad Qu-Pad app can also show a display of the RTA peak band (most dominant frequency).

7.7 Home Screen – Qu-Drive (USB audio)

Note – Qu-Drive audio recording and multitrack playback require the USB storage device to support high sustained transfer rates. Not all USB devices will guarantee flawless performance. To find out more please refer to the '<u>Understanding Qu-Drive and USB</u>' document in the Qu Knowledgebase on the Allen & Heath web site.





This opens screens associated with the USB stereo and multitrack recording:

Note - Use the USB storage device with the Qu mixer only. Do not use it for other applications.

* Format the hard drive on the Qu mixer before starting to record. Use the Setup / Utility / Qu-Drive screen. This clears the drive and sets up the Qu directory structure.

Qu-Drive Stereo page – This screen presents the controls for stereo recording to and playback from a USB device plugged into the top panel Qu-Drive port.

The blue Stop buttons light if the USB device is recognised by the mixer. The controls are disabled if a USB device is not plugged in or recognised.

Stereo Record – You can record to a USB storage device plugged into Qu-Drive:

- Format = 48kHz, 24-bit, WAV file
- Data rate = 288 KB/sec, maximum 4 hours (4GB)
- Qu allocates a file name 'QU-STnnn.WAV' where 'nnn' increments from 001 to 999 starting at the highest number +1 it finds on the USB device.

Audio	Control	USB Data	Output Patch	Utility	
Surface	dSNAKE	Monitor	USB Audio		
Qu-Drive Multitrack 1 CH1 9 CH9 17 LR	1-18 USB B Si 2 3 CH2 CH3 10 11 CH10 CH11 18 Qu-Drive Stereo 19-32 19-32	treaming = 1-32 4 CH4 CH5 12 CH12 CH13	6 7 CH6 CH7 14 15 CH14 CH15 CH/ST source: (8 16 CH16 Insert Sends	
+1 Curr:		Next:1)		dS	

Patch the source to be recorded using the Setup / Output Patch / USB Audio screen. Touch the track 17 box and turn the rotary to select the left source. Press the '+1' Fn key to increment the right source to track 18, or use the rotary to select an unrelated source.

Mono or stereo Channels and Groups can be globally sourced from their Insert Sends (pre-processing) or from Direct Out using this button.

Note Qu-Drive Stereo recording shares the same patch as Track 17-18 of the Qu-Drive multitrack recording and USB streaming.

The record meter on the USB page displays the current source. The default is LR post-fade.

Arm the recording by touching the red circle Record button. Touch the Play button to start the recording.

Stereo Playback – You can play back audio files from a USB storage device plugged into Qu-Drive:

• Format = 44.1 or 48kHz, 16 or 24-bit, WAV file

Note – Use the USB device with the Qu mixer only. Do not use it for other applications.

Format the USB device on the Qu mixer before loading the playback files. Use the Setup / Utility / Qu-Drive screen. This clears the drive and sets up the Qu directory structure.

Copy audio WAV files on to USB from your computer. Place these in the AHQU / USBPLAY directory. Plug the USB device into Qu-Drive.

Patch the playback to the ST3 channel using the Processing / Preamp screen Fn key to open the Preamp Source screen. Make sure Qu-Drive is selected as the 'Global USB Source'. Select USB as the source for ST3.

Once you have selected Qu-Drive as the global USB source you can also use the panel **USB** key in the Preamp section to toggle between the ST3 preamp and USB source.



Select the track to play back by touching the name box. You can choose a track from the Playback or the Recordings directory. Touch **Select** to confirm.

Press the Fn key for options to choose playback

Play All	า
	J
Play Single]
Repeat All]
Repeat Single	խ







mode:



Note – We recommend you transfer previous recordings to your computer and then reformat the USB device on the Qu mixer before using it for each show. This will avoid potential audio skipping that may occur with some USB devices containing long recordings.

Audio	Control	USB Data	Output Patch	Utility
Surface	dSNAKE	Monitor	USB Audio	
Qu-Drive Multitrack 1 CH1 9 CH9 17 LR	Image: state	reaming = 1-32 4 CH4 CH5 12 CH12 CH13	6 7 CH6 CH7 14 15 CH14 CH15 CH/ST source: (8 CH8 16 CH16 Insert Sends
	19-32		Apply	Cancel





Qu-Drive Multitrack page – This screen presents the controls for multitrack recording to and playback from a USB storage device plugged into the top panel Qu-Drive port.

The blue Stop button lights if the USB device is recognised by the mixer. The controls are disabled if not plugged in or recognised.

Multitrack Record – You can record to a USB storage device plugged into Qu-Drive:

- 18 Tracks = Individually patchable sources
- Record format = 48kHz, 24-bit, WAV file
- Data rate = 144 KB/sec per track (max 4GB total)
- Qu allocates a folder name 'QU-MTnnn' for each recording where 'nnn' increments from 001 to 999 starting at the highest number +1 it finds on the device. The tracks are named 'TRKnn' within the folder where 'nn' is 01 to 18.

Note –Use the USB storage device with the Qu mixer only. Do not use it for other applications.

Format the USB device on the Qu mixer before starting to record. Use the **Setup / Utility / Qu-Drive** screen. This clears the USB and sets up the Qu directory structure.

Patch the sources to be recorded using the Setup / Output Patch / USB Audio screen.

Touch a track box and turn the rotary to select the source. Press the '+1' Fn key to increment the assignments. Choose the global source for CH and ST channels and the Audio Groups.

Arm the recording by touching the red circle Record button. Touch the Play button to start the recording.

Multitrack Playback – You can play back your multitrack recordings from the USB device plugged into the Qu-Drive port:

Patch the playback to the input channels using the Processing / Preamp screen Fn key to open the Preamp Source screen. Make sure Qu-Drive is selected as the 'Global USB Source'. Select USB as the source for the channels you wish to play back.

Select the recording to play back by touching the name box. You can choose a folder from the list. Touch Select to confirm.

Press the Fn key for options to choose playback mode:



Note – Qu always expects 18

tracks to be present in the multitrack folder. -You can create dummy tracks by duplicating and renaming your files.

Note – Choose to play back either Qu-Drive stereo or multitrack. It is not possible to play back both stereo and multitrack at the same time.

7.8 The FX

Qu features 4 internal stereo FX (effects) processors. Each can be loaded from a library of different effects types and presets. These are the same as found in the flagship Allen & Heath iLive digital mix system and are based on emulations of popular industry standard effects.















The FX screen

Press the FX key next to the Touch Screen to open the FX screen. You work with the FX in the same way you would with a traditional outboard rack. Start with an empty rack as shown here. Each of the 4 FX has a rack slot. Touch the tabs at the top to select each slot.

Library – Press the Fn key to open the Library page. Select Factory or User library and scroll through and select the FX type you wish to load into the rack. The effects are arranged in types on the left with available presets for each in the right hand window. Touch Recall to load the FX.

Listen to and experiment with the different presets and their parameters available.

FX types

Reverb – This is the most popular effect in live sound mixing. The SMR Live (Spatial Modelling Reverberator) features 4 fully configurable spatial models - Classic, Hall, Room and EMT plate. Each of these use different reflection and decay algorithms to add natural sounding space to the dry signal whether subtle small room echo, vintage vocal plate or a massive arena. Reverb can make a vocal sound spacious and smooth in the mix or add body to an instrument such as acoustic guitar or flute. There are plenty of factory presets available. The 4 buttons at the top control the main parameters if you wish to make adjustments. HF and LF cut shape the response, and Expert opens up a host of parameters for fine control if you wish to experiment further. You also have the 4-band PEQ available in the FX Return channel processing.

Delay – Generates separate left and right tap delay outputs from the input. Delay time can be dialled in using the screen rotary, tapped on screen or tapped using a SoftKey. The left and right delay taps can be linked to produce a mono effect. Feedback adds regeneration for a repeating echo effect. Set a short delay time around 80 to 160ms for the classic slapback effect.

ADT - An Automatic Double Tracking module capable of creating short echo/chorusing, classic double tracking and 'slapback' tape delay loops. It includes a stereo width enhancer and auto panning within the stereo field. The ADT is perfect for creating classic doubling effects, thickening programme on stage or developing a stereo sound field as an alternative to chorusing.

Chorus - Chorus derives from the late 80's where different stereo field creation techniques influenced the sound of each chorusing unit. Chorus recreates the classics using 3 stereo-field emulations. These emulations can be switched in any combination creating many different stereo fields.

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Symphonic Chorus - A faithful emulation of the 80's classic chorus effect. Simple to use and frequently requested. The unit has just two controls, Frequency and Depth controlling the rate and delay range of the stereo modulator. The unit produces a rich, lively and wide chorus sound with a suggestion of very mild phasing / flanging. Live engineers commonly use this for thickening vocals and strings and creating a spatial sound from a mono source. This has led to two factory presets 'SymphonicVox' and 'SymphonyStrings'.

Flanger – Qu provides three classic flanger effect emulations – 'Ambient', 'Vintage' and 'Wild'. During research of classic pedal flangers we found numerous LFO modulators and stereo splitting techniques. We implemented them all. For classic deep flange set Stereo Split and Stereo Spread off, pick triangular modulation, Vintage type and adjust Depth and Regeneration.

Phaser - A classic 12 stage emulation producing rich textured phasing with plenty of control. You can control the number of stages, feed forward and feed back, and 'zero' depth manual mode to manually sweep the Phaser using the offset control.

Gated Verb- An accurate emulation of the popular 80's Gated Reverb plus two other variants called 'Panned' and 'Powerbox'. The user interface gives instant access to Lo-cut Hi-cut decay spectrum filters and the gate envelope controls - predelay, attack, hold and release.

Patching the FX

Touch the top right tab to select the Back Panel view. Open the option list to select the type of FX patching. Touch **Apply** to confirm any changes:

- Mix>Return Known as a 'system effect' this uses a bus to Send a mix of the channels to the effect, and a dedicated stereo FX Return channel to add the 'wet' effect to the 'dry' original sound. This is used for effects such as reverb and delay. Choose which mix bus to use as its input. For the Qu-16, FX1 and FX2 have dedicated buses. If you want to use FX3 or FX4 as another system effect you could patch one of the Mix1-10 buses as its input.
- Ch>Return This is similar to a Mix>Return system effect but fed from one channel rather than a mix of channels. It uses the assigned input channel Direct Output as its source. Examples include a vocal channel delay, gated verb on a snare, or chorus added to guitar.
- Insert Here the effect is patched in line with an input channel or mix master. It is switched in or out using the channel Insert switch. Inserted FX provide a Dry/Wet control to balance the effect with the original signal.

FX processing view

Press an FX Send or Return strip **Sel** key while the **Processing** screen is active to view and work with its parameters. Touch the top of the screen to open the PEQ view and adjust its return channel equaliser.

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7.10 Scene Memories

Qu provides 100 Scene memories. These store and recall a snapshot of all live mixing parameters. Scenes have many applications. They can be used to store settings for bands during sound check for recall before they take to the stage during the show. Scenes can also be used for cue recall during theatre shows, or to provide a known starting point for different events or users in a multi-purpose venue.

The Scenes screen – Press the Scenes key next to the touch screen.

Scene list - Scroll through scenes in the list.

The number available depends on the range allowed for the current User.

Touch to highlight a scene ready to store, recall or edit.

A green tick shows that a scene has contents stored.

Hold the **Copy** key and touch a scene in the list to copy its name and contents. Hold Paste and touch other scenes to paste it to other locations. **Global Filter** – Opens a tab where you can 'block' combinations of parameters so that they are not overwritten when any scene is recalled. This filter affects all scenes.

A red dot **o** displays when one or more parameters are blocked. **Safes** – Opens a tab where you can make combinations of input and mix channels 'safe' so that none of their parameters are overwritten when any scene is recalled.

A blue dot o displays when one or more channels have been made safe.



Per Scene Filter – Each scene has its own Recall Filter. Touch to open its Filter page. You can block combinations of parameters so that they are not overwritten when the scene is recalled.

A red dot **o** displays if one or more parameters are blocked by the Filter.

Hold the **Copy** key and touch a Filter button to copy its settings. Hold Paste and touch other Filter buttons to paste those settings into other filters.

Hold the **Reset** key and touch Filter buttons to clear all their blocked parameters.

Clear – Touch to clear the name and contents of the highlighted scene. This also clears the filter

Toolbar – The last recalled (Curr:) and highlighted (Next:) scenes are shown in the lower toolbar. Name – Touch to open the screen keypad to edit the scene name with up to 14 characters. Entering a name for a blank scene will automatically store its contents.

	Scone Name:															
	Start_															
•	qwertyuiop															
	a				d	Τ	f	9	T	h	I	1	1	•	1	
	Û	I	2	:	x	T	c	v	T	b	ſ	1	•	n		0
Cancel 123			ľ				Symb Ol				K					

Recall – Touch to recall the scene highlighted in the list.

Store – Touch to store the current settings to the scene highlighted in the list.

Note - Stored contents are not affected by the Filter. All current settings are stored. The filter blocks parameters on recall only.

Reset Mix Settings – This provides a quick way to 'Zero the board' by resetting the mix and processing to a typical starting point. To avoid accidental operation the button must be touched for 1 second or more to action the reset.

Note – Reset Mix Settings affects all scene settings and is not affected by the Global Recall Filter.

Note – Reset Mix Settings restores the Local preamps as the source to input channels.



1

Close the Filter page using the Fn key.

Allowed parameters – These are overwritten with the contents stored in the scene when it is recalled.

Blocked parameters – These are not overwritten when the scene is recalled.

A Scene stores the following:

- Preamp settings
- Channel processing and linking
- Channel patch and routing
- Channel sends
- Channel mutes
- Channel faders/pan
- Mix processing
- Mix mutes
- Mix faders
- FX parameters
- Output patch
- Talkback assign and filter
- Mute Groups
- DCA Groups
- Custom strip assign
- SoftKey assign

A Scene does not store:

- PAFL settings
- Signal generator settings
- USB record/playback settings
- Scene preferences
- User profile settings
- Network and MIDI settings
- 'Custom Layer Only' option

Scene contents

A **Scene** is a 'snapshot' of the Qu mixer settings. It stores the current layout and patch, and parameters associated with live mixing. It does not store user configuration, setup preferences and functions not typically needed for live show recall.

Use the USB **Show** file function if you wish to archive the full Qu configuration and Scene/Library memories.



To Copy a Scene – Press and hold the Copy key below the screen and then touch the scene to copy. Now press and hold the Paste key and touch the scene in the list to paste to. This copies the scene contents and name.

The Safes screen

A Recall Safe protects all parameters for one channel.

Scene recall affects all input channels, FX and mixes. You can make one or more of these 'Scene Safe' so that none of their parameters are overwritten by any of the 100 scenes. For example, walk-in music and continuity microphone channels.

A blue dot **o** appears in the tab if one or more channels have been made safe.

Input Safes – Make any combination of the sources to the mixes safe – CH, ST1-3, FX Returns. Protects:

- Channel processing,
- Channel fader and pan
- Routing and sends to all the mixes
- Mute and DCA Group assignments

Mix Safes – Make any combination of the mixes safe – Mix1-10, FX Sends1-2, LR. The Qu-24 includes Safes for its Groups and Matrix mixes. Protects:

- Master processing,
- Master fader and balance
- Routing and sends from the channels
- Global channel send source
- Mute and DCA Group assignments

Scen	ies		Global	Filter		Safes		
Inputs		Mix						
CH1 Safe	CH2 Safe	CH3 Safe	CH4 Safe	CH5 Safe	CH6 Safe	CH7 Safe	CH8 Safe	
CH9 Safe	CH10 Safe	CH11 Safe	CH12 Safe	CH13 Safe	CH14 Safe	CH15 Safe	CH16 Safe	
ST1 Safe	ST2 Safe	ST3 Safe	FX1 Ret Safe	FX2 Ret Safe	FX3 Ret Safe	FX4 Ret Safe		
							All Safe	
				S	cene 11	Stored Fr	om Mem	

Global Filter

Safes

Scene 5 Stored F

Mix

Scenes

Filter parameters:

Inputs/FX (All CH, ST, FX Ret, Groups)

- Input patch (Local, dSNAKE, USB)
- Preamps (Gain/Pad/Trim/48V/Pol)
- CH/ST process (Gate/PEQ/Comp/Dly)
- Group processing (not Qu-16)
- FX patch
- FX parameters
- Inputs/FX/Group Faders/Pan
- Inputs/FX/Group Mutes
- Inputs/FX/Group Names

Outputs (All FX Sends, Mix, LR, Matrix)

- Input patch
- Output patch (Sockets, Qu-Drive)
- Mix process (PEQ/GEQ/Comp/Dly)
- LR process (PEQ/GEQ/Comp/Dly)
- Matrix processing (not Qu-16)
- Master Faders
- Master Mutes
- Master Names

Routing

- Audio Groups (Assign)
- Mix sends (Lev/Pan/Assign/Pre)
- FX sends (Lev/Assign/Pre)
- Matrix sends (Qu-24 only)
- Mute/DCA Groups (Assign)

Other

- Mute/DCA Group Masters and Names
- Custom Layer (Assign)
- SoftKeys (Assign)
- System (Talkback assign/HPF)

The Filter screen

A **Recall Filter** protects one or more parameter types for all channels.

A scene stores all live mixing parameters. A Recall Filter can be set to protect (block) chosen parameters from being overwritten when the scene is recalled.

Each scene has its own filter. You can choose to recall as many or as few parameters as you want for each scene. For example, you could recall just fader levels and mutes for a range of cues in a theatre show.

The Global Filter protects parameters from being overwritten by any of the 100 scenes.

A red dot **o** appears in the tab if one or more items have been blocked.

Filter parameters are grouped according to type and association with inputs or outputs.

Note - The Qu-16 does not include Audio Groups and Matrix outputs. Their associated parameters are not included in its filter.

Scenes	Global Filter	Safes
Input patch Preamps F Allow Allow CH/ST Group F Allow Allow CH/ST Group F Allow Allow CH/ST Group F Allow Allow C Names Faders/Pan Block Allow A	Recall Filter affects all Scenes Outputs- Outputs- Allow Mutes Allow Mutes Allow Sends MTX sends Mute/DCA Ilow Allow	Output Patch Allow MTX Allow MTX Allow Mutes Allow Mute/DCA Grp masters Block
Curr:15) Polly	Next:16) Abee	

8. Touch Screen Setup Functions

Press the Setup key next to the Touch Screen to open the Setup screens.



Touch the top tabs to access the different categories of setup function. Touch the tabs below to open up the related options available.

Dimmer – Hold down the Setup key and turn the screen rotary to adjust the screen and surface LED brightness.

8.1 Audio Setup -PAFL



Choose how you want PAFL to work:

Additive mode – Select to listen to more than one channel at a time. Pressing a PAFL key adds to the previous selection. When off, the mode is Auto-cancel to listen to one channel at a time where pressing a PAFL key cancels the previous selection.

Input/Output PFL (pre-fade listen) – Monitor the signal before the fader, for example to check it and set its gain before you bring up the fader. This is the default.

Input/Output AFL (after-fade listen) – Monitor the signal in stereo after the fader and pan so that you can hear its contribution and position in the LR mix.

Sel follow PAFL – Link the Sel switch so that pressing PAFL automatically selects the processing for that channel.

 \mbox{LR} to \mbox{PAFL} – Routes the main LR mix to the monitor when there is no PAFL selected.

PAFL Delay – Delay the monitor to time align it with the acoustic sound from the source when the mixer is a long distance away from the stage. Start with 1ms per foot.

PAFL Trim – Attenuate the PFL (pre-fade) signal by up to 24dB to match it with the average AFL (after-fade) signal which is often much lower than PFL.

8.2 Audio Setup - Talkback



Set up and assign Talkback to talk to the musicians via their monitors, or make announcements via the house (PA) mix:

HPF – Dial in the High Pass Filter to remove low frequency pops and resonance while talking.

48V - Hold for 1 second to switch on phantom power.

Gain - Adjust the talkback mic level.

Assign – Touch to toggle the assignments to the different mixes on or off.

Press the surface **Talk** key to talk to the musicians or house.

8.3 Audio Setup – Signal Generator



Set up and assign the Signal Generator to test loudspeakers and align levels between equipment.

Source - Touch to open the list of sources available:

- Sine Pure tone with adjustable frequency. Set to 1kHz and use meters to match equipment levels.
- White Noise Equal energy per Hz.
- Pink Noise Filtered white noise for equal energy per octave. This is a good source to use for testing loudspeaker drivers and phase. Its response matches the way we hear frequencies.
- Band-pass Noise Pink noise filtered around a frequency which can be swept from low to high.

Level – Start with the level set low to avoid unexpected loud sounds when you assign to the mixes.

Mute - Turns the signal off.

Assign – Touch to toggle the assignments to the LR and Mixes 1-10 on or off. Assignment to the Groups and Matrix is not available on the Qu-16.

Note – To avoid noise in the system remember to turn the assignments off when you have finished using the generator.

8.4 Control Setup – Custom Layer



The following strip types are available:

- X Unassigned
- CH Mono input channels
- ST Stereo input channels
- FX Ret FX returns
- FX Send FX sends
- Mix Mix masters 1-10
- LR Main LR master
- Grp Stereo Groups (not Qu-16)
- MTX Stereo Matrix (not Qu-16)
- DCA DCA Group master
- MIDI MIDI DAW control

The Custom Layer can have any combination of channel, FX, master and MIDI strips assigned to its faders. Faders can be left unassigned.

This lets you arrange the faders you are using for your show into one convenient layer, or use the Custom Layer to control your Digital Audio Workstation (DAW).

The screen presents an **assignment button** for each fader. Touch a button and then turn the screen Rotary to scroll through the available strips.

Use the **Fn** key '+1' function to quickly assign strips in sequence.

DAW control – When working with a DAW (Digital Audio Workstation) it is typical to assign all faders as MIDI strips so that the Custom Layer can be used to control the audio tracks within the DAW.

Touch button 1, turn the rotary until it displays 'MIDI', then press **Fn** key '+1' to quickly assign the other strips for DAW control.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MIDI							
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
MIDI							

To select the Custom Layer

press both Layer keys together.

Turn on the 'Custom layer only' option if you want to lock out the two standard layers and let the operator work with just the Custom layer.

Use the space provided to label the custom strips.

	ST1	ST2	ST3	FX1 Ret	FX2 Ret	FX3 Ret	FX4 Ret	FX1 Send	FX2 Send	Mix1 Master	Mix2 Master	Mix3 Master	Mix4 Master	Mix5-6 Master	Mix7-8 Master	Mix9-10 Master
Custo		GH2	СНЗ	CH4	CH5	СНБ	CH7	СНВ	СН9	CH10	CH11	CH12	CH13	CH14	CH15	CH16

8.5 Control Setup - SoftKeys

Qu-24 shown

Audio	Control	USB Data	Output Patch	Utility				
Custom Layer	SoftKeys	Network	MIDI					
Soft 1 S	oft 6	Function						
Soft 2 S	oft 7 Tap Tempo L 🗸							
Soft 3 S	oft 8	FX		Anada				
Soft 4 S	oft 9			Арріу				
Soft 5 So	oft 10			Cancel				
Curr:		Next:1)						

Qu-16 provides 4 SoftKeys. The Qu-24 and Qu-32 provide 10 SoftKeys. These are called 'Soft' because they can be assigned to different functions by the user.

Function – Touch the box to open and choose from the list of available functions. Touch Apply to confirm the changes.

Note - SoftKey settings are stored in scenes. If you do not want these settings overwritten when scenes are recalled then block the 'SoftKeys' item in the Global Filter. Use the Scenes / Global Filter screen.

Unassigned - The SoftKey does nothing.

Mute Group – Becomes the Mute master for the assigned Mute Group. This is the factory default setting for SoftKeys 1-4.

DCA Mute - Becomes the Mute key for the assigned DCA Group. You could use these as extra Mute Groups if you set the DCA master level to 0dB.

Tap Tempo – Use the SoftKey to tap in the time setting for Delay FX. Choose L, R or L+R (both to follow the same tap).

Recall Scene - Instantly recalls the scene number assigned to the SoftKey.

Scene Store Current - Instantly stores the current mixer settings to the last recalled scene. This is shown in the 'Curr:' bar.

Scene Recall Go - Instantly recalls the Scene shown in the 'Next:' bar.

Scene Next - Advances to the next scene in the list.

Scene Previous – Steps back to the previous scene.

PAFL Clear – Set a SoftKey to clear any active PAFL keys. The SoftKey lights to show when a PAFL is currently selected.

Qu-Drive - Set SoftKeys as transport controls for stereo and multitrack recording and playback. Touch and scroll using the rotary to select the transport control required.

MMC – Set SoftKeys as transport controls for MIDI.

DAW Bank Control - Set SoftKeys as DAW Bank up/down controls.



Set Auto Increment if you want to step through your scenes using a single key. This recalls a scene, then advances to the next available scene ready to recall it when the key is pressed again. For example, step through your cues in a theatre show. Auto-increment skips blank scenes.







8.6 Control Setup - Network



Use this screen set the TCP/IP address for the Network port and the name used to identify the Qu mixer on the network.

It is important that the network address is compatible with the addresses of equipment connected to the port, for example a laptop providing MIDI control of mixer parameters, or a wireless router providing remote control using the Qu-Pad iPad app.

DHCP – Enable this if the connected device has DHCP capability and is therefore able to automatically allocate a compatible IP address to the mixer. This is the factory default and is the typical setting for connecting to a wireless router used to interface with an iPad.

For manual setting of the network address, enter compatible **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask** and **Gateway** settings.

Unit Name – Enter a name with up to 15 characters to identify the Qu mixer on the network. The default name is the model number, for example, 'Qu-16' or 'Qu-24'.

8.7 Control Setup - MIDI

The Qu mixer can send and receive MIDI messages for remote control of many of its functions. It also provides MMC transport control from this page, or assigned to SoftKeys. The Qu uses two MIDI channels, one for Qu mixing functions, the other for DAW control using the Custom Layer.



MIDI control available:

- Mutes
- Faders and Pan
- Audio Group Assign (not Qu-16)
- Mix and FX Sends, Pan, Assign, Pre
- LR Assign
- Matrix sends, Pan, Assign, Pre (not Qu-16)
- Mute/DCA Group Assign, master Mute
- PAFL select
- Input channel source
- Preamp Gain/Trim, Pad, 48V
- Insert In/Out
- Input Polarity, Gate, PEQ, Comp, Delay
- Mix PEQ, GEQ, Comp, Delay
- Scene Recall
- FX Tap Tempo
- MIDI Custom strips (DAW control)
- MMC (MIDI transport control)
- Bank Up/Down (DAW control)



MIDI over USB – The rear panel USB B port allows direct connection to Apple[®] Mac computers running OSX 10.6 or later. This carries MIDI and audio streaming. USB B is the recommended connection for DAW and other computer based MIDI control.

Note – USB MIDI is supported natively by the Mac so no driver is needed. A driver for Windows[®] computers can be downloaded from the Allen & Heath web site.

MIDI over TCP Network – The rear panel Network port is used for connection to a WiFi router to work with an iPad running the **Qu-Pad** app. The app uses these MIDI messages to remotely control the Qu mixer. Alternatively, the Network port can be used with a touch panel or other remote controller that allows configurable MIDI over a TCP/IP port.

Note – Qu currently allows only one TCP connection at a time over its Network port.

MIDI channel number – The Qu uses two MIDI channels, one for mixing functions, the other for DAW control. Choose and **Apply** the mixing function MIDI channel. DAW control will use the next MIDI channel above that.

8.8 USB Data – Scene Transfer

Andia	Operatival			114:1:4
Audio	Control	USB Data U	utput Patch	Utility
Scenes	Libraries	Shows		
Qu Sce	enes		USB	Scenes
1) Start	✓ 🗌	🗨 to Qu	🞽 O) Cosmo	
2) End	✓		🞽 1) Avalor	n1
3) Polly	✓	to USB 🕨	🞽 2) Avalor	n2
4) Abee	✓		🞽 4) Polly	
5) Speaker t	est 🧹	Delete		
			<u> </u>	
Curr:		Next:4) Abee		•

Individual Scenes can be transferred between Qu mixers via a USB device (key or drive) plugged into the Qu-Drive port. This provides a quick way to transfer settings without overwriting the current scenes and preferences.

Make sure the USB device has been previously formatted using the Qu mixer Utility / Qu-Drive screen.

The list on the left displays a list of scenes stored in the Qu mixer. The list on the right displays those found on the USB device. Scenes are transferred as data files numbered from '0'. Both the number and name will appear in the USB list.

To Qu – Touch to highlight a USB Scene to transfer. Touch a Qu Scene to highlight the position to transfer to. Once both are highlighted touch 'to Qu'. A confirmation box appears if you are about to overwrite an existing scene. Once transferred, the highlighted scenes increment ready to transfer the next if required.

To USB – Highlight both positions as above. Touch 'to USB' to transfer.

Delete – Highlight a scene in either list. Touch 'Delete' to remove it. Scenes can be deleted from either the Qu or from the USB device.

8.9 USB Data – Library transfer



Individual processing and FX Libraries can be transferred between Qu mixers via a USB device (key or drive) plugged into the Qu-Drive port.

Make sure the USB device has been previously formatted using the Qu mixer Utility / Qu-Drive screen.

The list on the left displays a list of libraries stored in the Qu mixer. The list on the right displays those found on the USB device. Libraries are transferred as data files numbered from '0'. Both the number and name will appear in the USB list.

To Qu – Touch to highlight a USB Library item to copy to the Qu mixer. Touch 'to Qu' to copy the item. Once copied, the highlighted library increments ready to copy the next if required.

To USB – Touch to highlight a Qu Library item to transfer via USB. Touch 'to USB' to copy the item to USB. Once copied, the highlighted library increments ready to transfer the next if required.

Delete – Highlight a library in either list. Touch 'Delete' to remove it. Libraries can be deleted from either the Qu or from the USB device.

8.10 USB Data – Show transfer



A Show stores the following:

- Current mixer settings
- Mixer setup and preferences
- All Scenes
- All User Libraries
- MIDI channel number

A Show does not store:

- Network settings
- User profile settings



Qu mixer settings can be stored to a USB device (key or drive) plugged into the Qu-Drive port. Data can be archived to computer and transferred between Qu mixers.

A 'Show' stores all the Qu mixer settings and memories. It is stored as a set of files in a numbered folder on the USB device. Shows are not stored in the Qu mixer.

The Qu mixer displays a list of Shows found on the USB device. Shows are numbered from '0'. They can be named. Both the number and name will appear in the USB list.

Make sure the USB device has been previously formatted using the Qu mixer Utility / Qu-Drive screen (described later in this guide).

Store New – Touch to store a new Show folder on the USB device. This opens the screen keypad for naming the Show.

Recall – Select a Show in the USB list. Touch the button to overwrite the current Qu mixer settings with the contents of the USB Show. A popup will appear .

Note - If you want to keep your existing Qu settings then store these first as a new Show before recalling another Show.

Overwrite – Existing USB Shows can be overwritten with the current mixer settings. Touch to overwrite the highlighted Show in the USB list with the current Qu mixer settings.

Name – Touch the Name box to open the screen keypad and rename the Show highlighted in the USB list.

The Show folder

Each Show is stored as a set of data files within a numbered folder in the AHQU / SHOWS directory. The first show is numbered '0'.

Note - Do not rename or edit the Show folder or its files.

If you want to archive the Show on your computer we recommend you copy the numbered Show folder to a new named directory on your computer. To use the Show again copy just the numbered Show folder back into the SHOW directory of the USB device.

Note - Do not change the format of the Show folder. Its name must have 8 characters = SHOWnnnn where nnn is a number from 0000 upwards.

Note - The Show name is stored within a data file in the numbered Show folder on the USB device. The name is not part of the folder name. It is held within the SHOW.DAT file in the folder.

To view the Show name on your computer – Open the numbered Show folder and find its SHOW.DAT text file at the end of the list. Open the file to view the Show name. Do not edit the file.

8.11 Output Patch Setup – Surface



Use this screen to patch signals to the rear panel Alt Out and AES outputs. Touch a box to open up the list of available options. Changes are applied instantly. You can also touch outside the list to exit.

Alt Out – Choose the source for the rear panel stereo Alt Out jacks.

AES Out – Choose the source for the rear panel AES digital output.

The reset default for both is LR postfade.

Group and Matrix outputs are not available on the Qu-16.



8.12 Output Patch Setup – dSNAKE



The following sources can be patched:

Group post-fader

Mix 1-10 post-fader

LR mix - pre-fader

LR mix - post-fader

Matrix post-fader

Stereo PAFL monitor

LR mono sum - pre-fader

LR mono sum - post-fader

Unassigned

Х

Grp

Mix

LR pre

LR post

L+R pre

L+R

MTX

PAFL

This screen presents the patching for the dSNAKE remote audio outputs. These outputs can be mapped from any combination of Qu mixer output sources.

The Qu mixer detects which AudioRack type is connected. A Qu system can have up to two AudioRacks connected. These are shown as:

dSNAKE – The first (main) AudioRack connected.

Expander – The second (expander) AudioRack.

dSNAKE outputs can be patched with or without physical AudioRacks connected.

All Qu mixer patching is stored in Scene memories. The Reset Mix Settings defaults are shown below:

Qu-16 Reset dSNAKE Patch

dSN	dSNAKE Qu out		Qu out	Exp	Qu out
1	Mix 1	9	Mix 9	1	none
2	Mix 2	10	Mix 10	2	none
3	Mix 3	11	L	3	none
4	Mix 4	12	R	4	none
5	Mix 5			5	none
6	Mix 6			6	none
7	Mix 7			7	none
8	Mix 8			8	none

Qu-24 and Qu-32 Reset dSNAKE Patch

dSNA	KE Qu out	Ch	Qu out	Ехр	Qu out
1 2 3 4 5	Mix 1 Mix 2 Mix 3 Mix 4 Mix 5 Mix 6	9 10 11 12	Mix 9 Mix 10 L R	1 2 3 4 5	MTX1 L MTX2 R MTX3 L MTX4 R Grp1 L Grp2 R
7 8	Mix 7 Mix 8			7 8	Grp3 L Grp4 R

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8.13 Output Patch Setup - Monitor

Audio	Control	USB Data	Output Patch	Utility
Surface	dSNAKE	Monitor	USB Audio	
Channel sends 1 CH1 9 CH9	tollow Global Direct Or 2 3 CH2 CH3 10 11 CH10 CH11	4 5 CH4 CH5 12 13 CH12 CH13	6 7 CH6 CH7 14 15 CH14 CH15	8 CH8 16 CH16
17 CH17 (+1 Curr:	18 19 CH18 CH19 25-40	20 21 CH20 CH21	22 23 CH22 CH23 Apply	24 CH24 Cancel

This screen presents the patching of the dSNAKE remote monitor audio outputs. This allows the Qu mixer to work with the Allen & Heath **ME Personal Monitor** mixing system.

A ME-1 mixer or ME-U distribution hub can be plugged into any of these sockets:

- Qu rear panel dSNAKE port
- AR2412 MONITOR port
- AR2412 EXPANDER port
- AB168 EXPANDER port

There are 40 Monitor output channels. These can be patched from any input channels, FX, Groups Mixes and PAFL.

Mono (CH) and stereo (ST) channel sends follow the Global Direct Output settings. Mixes are post-processing, post-mute, post-fader.

Note - Set the Global Direct Out source using a channel **Routing** screen. Set pre-fade, post-mute when working with the ME Personal Monitor System.

Qu-16 Reset Default Monitor Patch

Ch	Qu out	Ch	Qu out						
1	CH1	9	CH9	17	ST1 L	25	FX1ret L	33	Mix3
2	CH2	10	CH10	18	ST1 R	26	FX1ret R	34	Mix4
3	СНЗ	11	CH11	19	ST2 L	27	FX2ret L	35	Mix5 L
4	CH4	12	CH12	20	ST2 R	28	FX2ret R	36	Mix6 R
5	CH5	13	CH13	21	ST3 L	29	FX3ret L	37	Mix7 L
6	CH6	14	CH14	22	ST3 R	30	FX3ret R	38	Mix8 R
7	CH7	15	CH15	23	Main L	31	Mix1	39	Mix9 L
8	CH8	16	CH16	24	Main R	32	Mix2	40	Mix10 R

Qu-24 Reset Default Monitor Patch

Ch	Qu out	Ch	Qu out						
1	CH1	9	CH9	17	CH17	25	ST1 L	33	Grp1 L
2	CH2	10	CH10	18	CH18	26	ST1 R	34	Grp2 R
3	СНЗ	11	CH11	19	CH19	27	ST2 L	35	Grp3 L
4	CH4	12	CH12	20	CH20	28	ST2 R	36	Grp4 R
5	CH5	13	CH13	21	CH21	29	ST3 L	37	Mix7 L
6	CH6	14	CH14	22	CH22	30	ST3 R	38	Mix8 R
7	CH7	15	CH15	23	CH23	31	FX1ret L	39	Mix9 L
8	CH8	16	CH16	24	CH24	32	FX1ret R	40	Mix10 R

Qu-32 Reset Default Monitor Patch

Ch	Qu out								
1	CH1	9	CH9	17	CH17	25	CH25	33	Grp1 L
2	CH2	10	CH10	18	CH18	26	CH26	34	Grp2 R
3	СНЗ	11	CH11	19	CH19	27	CH27	35	Grp3 L
4	CH4	12	CH12	20	CH20	28	CH28	36	Grp4 R
5	CH5	13	CH13	21	CH21	29	CH29	37	Mix7 L
6	CH6	14	CH14	22	CH22	30	CH30	38	Mix8 R
7	CH7	15	CH15	23	CH23	31	CH31	39	Mix9 L
8	CH8	16	CH16	24	CH24	32	CH32	40	Mix10 R

8.14 Output Patch Setup – USB Audio





Audio	Control	USB Data	Output Patch	Utility
Surface	dSNAKE	Monitor	USB Audio	
Qu-Drive Multitrack	Image: 1-18 USB B St 2 3 CH2 CH3 10 11 CH10 CH11 18 Ou-Drive Stereo 18 20-Drive Stereo	reaming = 1-32 4 5 CH4 12 CH12 CH13	6 7 CH6 CH7 14 15 CH14 CH15 CH15 Source:	8 CH8 16 CH16 Insert Sends
+1 Curr	13-02	Next-1)	Abbit	dS

The following sources can be patched:XUnassignedCHMono channel (Insert or Direct Out)STStereo channel (Insert or Direct Out)FX RetFX returns 1-4 pre-faderGrpGroup (Insert or post-fader)MixMix 1-10 post-faderLR preMain LR mix – pre-fader

- LR post Main LR mix post-fader
- L+R pre Main LR mono sum pre-fader
- MTX Matrix post-fader
- PAFL Stereo PAFL monitor

This screen presents the patching of the USB audio outputs. This includes the Qu-Drive Stereo, Qu-Drive Multitrack and the USB B audio streaming.

Note - The Qu-16 provides 24 patchable USB outputs. The Qu-24 and Qu-32 provide 32 USB outputs.

Qu-Drive and USB B streaming share the same block of patchable tracks:

- Qu-Drive Stereo = Track 17-18
- Qu-Drive Multitrack = Track 1-18
- USB B Streaming = Track 1-32 (Qu-16 has 24)

There are two screens:

- Track 1-18 = Tracks associated with Qu-Drive
- Track 19-32 = The rest of the tracks for USB B

Touch the lower left '19-32' or '1-18' buttons to navigate between the screens

Touch a button and then turn the screen Rotary to scroll through the available output sources.

Use the \mathbf{Fn} key '+1' function to quickly assign strips in sequence.

Once you have chosen the outputs press Apply to accept or Cancel to discard the changes.

CH/ST/Grp source button

Set this to **Insert Sends** if you do not want the input channel and group USB sends to be affected by the mixer processing (EQ, Comp, Gate, Delay). This sends the raw Preamp and unprocessed Group signals to the USB stream and is the typical setting for <u>live recording</u>.

Set this to **Direct Outs** if you want the input channel USB sends to follow the channel global Direct Output option. It also sets the Group sends to be post-processing and post-fader. This is the typical setting for <u>studio recording</u> (working with a DAW).

Note – The global Direct Output option affects all inputs and is set in the channel **Routing** screen.

Output sources are post processing, post fader.

The USB Audio factory reset default patching varies according to Qu model. All ensure that tracks 17-18 = LR post-fader for Qu-Drive stereo recording. The patching can be changed here to suit your requirements.

Note – Set the USB Audio Patching before using Qu-Drive or USB streaming.

8.15 Utility - Calibration



Use the routines here to calibrate the touch accuracy of the **Touch Screen** and positional accuracy of the **Motor Faders**.

Follow the on-screen instructions.

8.16 Utility – Qu-Drive



This screen lets you check and format a USB device (key or hard drive) for use with Qu-Drive. Once formatted you do not need to format it again.

Note – Formatting the USB device will erase all current data on it. If you want to keep this then make sure you archive the data elsewhere first.

For reliable performance you must first format your USB device using the Qu mixer Format utility. Once formatted, use this with Qu only. Do not use the device for other applications.



Note – Qu-Drive audio recording and multitrack playback require the USB storage device to support high sustained transfer rates. Not all USB devices will guarantee flawless performance.

To find out more please refer to the 'Understanding Qu-Drive and USB' document in the Qu Knowledgebase on the Allen & Heath web site.

Once formatted on the Qu mixer, use the USB device with the mixer only. Do not use it for other storage and applications.



Plug in the USB device. Wait for the mixer to read the drive. The status window displays information about the USB device:

File system: **OK** (no need to format) File system: **Unsupported** (you need to format it)

Touch **Format** to start formatting. When complete, wait a few seconds for the mixer to read the key. If successful the status window will display 'OK'.

Note – Do not remove the USB device or turn off power until formatting is complete.



The Qu mixer operating firmware can be easily updated using a USB device (key or drive).



Make sure the USB device has been previously checked and formatted to work with the Qu mixer.

If you need to format the device then use the Format facility in the **Setup / Utility / Qu-Drive** screen.

Step1 Download the firmware

Visit the Allen & Heath web site and download the latest Qu firmware. Choose the firmware for your Qu mixer model. The file has a .QUU extension and a name that includes the model and version number. Save the file to your computer. For example: Qu16UpdtV1_23_4567.QUU

Read the Release Notes available on the download page.

Step2 Remove previous Qu Firmware from USB

It is important to remove previous firmware files as the Qu will attempt to load the first version it finds. The firmware file is in the root directory of the USB device and has a .QUU extension.

Step3 Copy the file to the USB root directory

The Qu mixer will look for a valid firmware file in the root directory of the device.

Step4 Run the Firmware Update

Plug the USB device into the Qu-Drive port.

Open the **Setup / Utility / Firmware** screen. If valid firmware is found its version number will be displayed on the screen. For example:

Touch the **Update** button. The update will start immediately. The screen goes blank and the Pan control indicators flash in sequence while the update is running. After a few minutes the mixer will reboot.



Important note Do not remove power during the firmware update. Do not remove the USB device until the update has completed.

The mixer restarts automatically after the firmware update.



9. Working with Audio Streaming and a DAW

The Qu mixer can stream audio and send MIDI messages to and from an Apple[®] Mac or Windows[®] PC computer via the rear panel USB B port. This lets you work with a DAW (Digital Audio Workstation) running on your computer. The Custom Layer can provide MIDI control faders and keys. You can work with the standard Qu MIDI messages or download the Allen & Heath DAW Control driver (available for the Mac computer only) to convert these into one of the popular HUI or Mackie Control protocols.

Note – Make sure you are running a version of V1.3 or higher. Check for the latest firmware at the Allen & Heath web site.

Apple [®] Mac	USB audio streaming with Qu MIDI message control is supported natively by the Mac so it does not require any driver. If you wish to convert the standard Qu MIDI messages into the HUI or Mackie Control protocol, download and install the Allen & Heath DAW Control driver.
Windows [®] PC	USB audio streaming with Qu MIDI message control needs a driver. Download and install the Allen & Heath Qu Windows Driver . Power up the Qu mixer, connect its rear panel USB B port to the PC, run the installer and follow the instructions on the screen. The driver is ASIO 2.2 compliant and supports standard WDM/DirectX Windows interfaces including MME and DirectSound.

Note – DAW Control is available only for Apple[®] Mac computers. It is not available for the Windows[®] PC.



Set the Qu mixer MIDI channel number – Use the Setup / Control / MIDI screen to set the Qu MIDI channels. Qu DAW control uses its own MIDI channel. This is the next number up from that set for the other Qu MIDI messages. Qu defaults to Channel 1 for standard messages and Channel 2 for DAW control.

Connect the Qu mixer to the computer – Plug a suitable cable into the rear panel USB B port.

Set the Custom Layer for fader control – Use the **Setup / Control / Custom Layer** to assign the faders as MIDI strips. MIDI Strip controls transmit and receive CC and Note on/off messages. Refer to the Qu MIDI Protocol Document on the Allen & Heath web site for further information.

Using DAW Control (Mac computer only)- Install this on your Mac and follow the setup instructions in its Help Manual.

DAW Control converts the Qu MIDI Strip messages into HUI or Mackie Control protocol. Set the MIDI channel to be the same as the Qu mixer DAW channel. For USB connection select **MIDI Ports**. Select the MIDI Input and Output ports to be used.

000 E	DAW Control				
Mixer Qu		\$			
MIDI Channe 2		\$			
Protocol Mac	ckie Control	\$			
	DI Ports O TCP/IP			The second	
Input Port QU-	-16 MIDI Out	÷			
Output Port QU-	-16 MIDI In	-		- AND TOT DAY	
			CHEVER ST.		
		†			

Two squares in the status bar flash to display MIDI I/O activity. To check you are connected to the mixer, the left square should flash when you move any Qu fader.





Audio	Control	USB Data	Output Patch	Utility
Surface	dSNAKE	Monitor	USB Audio	
Qu-Drive Multitrack	Image: state	reaming = 1-32 4 CH4 CH5 12 CH12 CH13	6 7 CH6 CH7 14 15 CH14 CH15 CH/ST source: Apply	8 CHB 16 CH16 Insert Sends Cancel
+1 Curr:		Next:1)		dS





Mac - Change this in the OS X preferences. Go to Utilities / Audio MIDI Setup / Audio Devices, select the Qu mixer and click on Configure Speakers. Then assign stereo Left and Right to the required interface output.

PC – From Qu Windows Driver version 2.20.5 onwards this audio returns to the Qu-16 and Qu-24 ST3 channel, or to CH31-32 for the Qu-32. Download the latest driver from the Allen & Heath web site.

DAW Bank Up/Down – You can assign SoftKeys as Bank Up and Bank Down to scroll through the banks on the DAW when using DAW Control (Mac computers only)

MMC transport Control – Transport controls are available in the Setup / Control / MIDI screen. These can also be assigned to SoftKeys for quick access. Assign the SoftKeys using the Setup / Control / SoftKeys screen.

Stream audio to the computer – Audio is sent via the rear panel USB B port. Go to the Setup / Output Patch / USB Audio screen to choose which Qu outputs to patch to the USB stream.

The following sources can be patched:

Х	Unassigned
СН	Mono channel (Insert or Direct Out)
ST	Stereo channel (Insert or Direct Out)
FX Ret	FX returns 1-4 pre-fader
Grp	Group (Insert or post-fader)
Mix	Mix 1-10 post-fader
LR pre	Main LR mix – pre-fader
LR post	Main LR mix – post-fader
L+R pre	Main LR mono sum – pre-fader
MTX	Matrix post-fader
PAFL	Stereo PAFL monitor

CH/ST/Grp source button

Set this to **Insert Sends** if you do not want the input channel and group USB sends to be affected by the mixer processing (EQ, Comp, Gate, Delay). This sends the raw Preamp and unprocessed Group signals to the USB stream and is the typical setting for <u>live recording</u>.

Set this to **Direct Outs** if you want the input channel USB sends to follow the channel global Direct Output option. It also sets the Group sends to be post-processing and post-fader. This is the typical setting for <u>studio recording</u> (working with a DAW).

Note – The global Direct Output option affects all inputs and is set in the channel **Routing** screen.

Stream audio back to the Qu mixer – Audio is returned via USB B. This is mapped one-to-one to the inputs channels. Use the **Preamp** screen **Fn** key Source page to patch USB B to the channels.

Make sure you have set 'USB B Streaming' as the global USB source.

Note - Most DAWs allow flexible patching and routing of tracks to/from any interface I/O. However if you are using iTunes, QuickTime or similar for playback to the mixer, the stereo output will default to the Qu Input CH 1 and 2. You can change this manually on the Mac, and use the latest version of the Qu Windows Driver on the PC.

10. Qu-Pad iPad app

Qu-Pad is an engineer's mixing tool providing wireless mobile control for the Qu mixer. It gives you the freedom to walk the room or stage and control the sound right where it is needed. Qu-Pad is intended for live mixing control, not for system setup or memory access. Qu-Pad and the Qu console can work together to provide simultaneous control of independent functions, for example one engineer using the console to mix front-of-house sound, and another using the iPad to mix monitors on stage. Qu-Pad detects which Qu mixer model is connected.

Note - This version of Qu-Pad supports only one iPad connection at a time.





CH PEQ shown



FX mix selected



Custom Layer setup



Live mixing functions available:

- Fader levels, mutes, pan
 - Aux and FX sends, routing and Pre/Post switching
- Input Preamp/USB selection
- Preamp Gain, Pad, Polarity and 48V
- HPF, Gate, PEQ, GEQ, Comp, Delays
- FX Tap Tempo
- Mute Groups
- DCA Groups
- RTA function
- PAFL select
- Full signal metering
- Custom strips for personalised channel layout
- Channel naming (stored in the Qu mixer)

Requirements:

- Qu-Pad app downloaded from the Apple Store.
- Qu mixer with firmware compatible with Qu-Pad.
- Suitable wireless router (wireless access point).
- Cat5 cable to connect to the Qu Network port.
- iPad running iOS5.1.1 or higher. Current version tested at time of publication is iOS7.

Note –The Qu-Pad app and the Qu mixer firmware must have the same feature release number (1.N), but can have a different maintenance number (x) where: Firmware version = V1.Nx

Wireless router - For information on choosing and setting up a wireless router, refer to the Help Manual built into the Qu-Pad app and to the manufacturer's setup guide that comes with the router.

Qu mixer Network settings – The Qu mixer and wireless router must have compatible TCP/IP addresses. We recommend setting the mixer to DHCP for the typical application where the Network port connects to the router only. This means the mixer will be given an IP address automatically by the router. Go to the Setup / Network screen to check this setting.

Using Qu-Pad – Refer to the Help Manual built into the Qu-Pad app for instructions on how to set up and operate Qu-Pad.

Further information is available in the Knowledgebase and Digital Community on the Allen & Heath web site.

11.Resetting the Mixer

There are two ways to reset the Qu settings:

11.1 Reset Mix Settings – A starting point for mixing



Reset mix settings:

- Source Preamp, Gain 28dB, 48V off
- ST1-3 trim 0dB
- HPF out, 100Hz
- PEQ and GEQ in, flat
- Gates out, thres -36dB, depth 20dB
- Comp out, thres 0dB, ratio 3.2:1
- Delays 0ms
- Mix source post-EQ
- Sends to Mixes -Inf and pre-fade
- Sends to FX -Inf and post-fade
- Direct Out post-fade/mute, trim 0dB
- Mutes off
- Channel faders -Inf
- FX return faders 0dB
- FX send and Mix master faders -4dB
- LR master fader -Inf
- FX = Mix>Return
- Qu-16 FX = EMT250, Delay
- Qu-24, 32 = EMT250, Hall480, Dly, ADT
- Audio Groups unassigned (not Qu-16)
- Group and Matrix faders –Inf (not Qu-16)
- Matrix sends assigned, post (not Qu-16)
- Mute/DCA Groups unassigned
- DCA Group masters = '0dB'
- AES, Alt Out patch LR post-fade
- Qu-Drive stereo patch LR post-fade
- USB patch default with 17-18 = LR
- USB CH/ST/Grp source = Insert Sends
- Talkback unassigned, HPF 120Hz
- Custom Strip unassigned
- SoftKeys = Mute Groups 1-4
- Channel names cleared

This button in the **Scenes** screen resets the mixer to a known starting point for mixing. It provides a quick way to reset the processing, mixes and patching before a show or after another user has finished with it.

All parameters that can be stored in Scene memories are reset to a factory default. Parameters that are not stored in scenes are not affected. This reset does not affect existing scenes stored in the mixer.

If you want to keep your current settings then save these as a Scene before resetting the mixer.

Note - This reset is not affected by the Global filter and Safes settings.

Touch and hold the **Reset Mix Settings** button for 1 second until the confirmation screen appears. Touch **Yes** to reset the mixer or **No** to exit without resetting. This 'resets the board' ready for mixing:

- All preamps are patched and have nominal mic gain set and phantom power switched off, a good start for vocal microphones,
- All EQ is switched in and set flat ready to start adjusting tone,
- Gates and compressors are switched out but have their parameters set ready for being switched in for applications such as drum gating and vocal compression,
- Channels are assigned to the mixes and FX with their faders and send levels turned down ready to start dialling into the mix,
- The mixes are set pre-fade and sourced post-EQ, pre-compressor ready to be used as monitor sends, a common application for the mixes.
- The FX master and return faders are turned up and default reverbs and delay patched ready for you to hear the effects as soon as you raise a channel send.
- The Mix master faders are turned up ready to hear sound when you raise a channel send. The main LR master is turned down to avoid unexpected loud level in the PA.
- The Groups are unassigned and their master faders turned down (not Qu-16).
- The Matrix sends are assigned and their master faders turned down (not Qu-16).

Creating your own start settings - You

can start by resetting the mixer and then editing the patching, levels and parameters to suit your starting preferences. Name and store this as a **Scene**, for example Scene 1 "Reset Board".

11.2 System Hard Reset



Hold for 5 seconds 4 while powering up the mixer



- 'Reset Mix Settings' default as above
- Input PAFL = PFL, mix = AFL
- PAFL additive mode off
- Sel follow PAFL on, LR to PAFL on
- PAFL trim 0dB, delay 0ms
- Talkback mic gain 27dB
- Sig Gen Pink Noise, unassigned
- Clears all scene Safes
- Clears all Scene memories
- Clears all Scene Filters
- Clears all User Libraries
- Resets all User Permissions
- Resets Network address to DHCP
- Resets touch screen calibration

A power up reset is available if you need to fully reset the Qu mixer settings and memories. This could be done to clear the system out before sending the mixer to a client, or if you suspect a system problem.

To reset mix parameters before starting a show or sound check, use a Scene or the Reset Mix Setting function described earlier in this guide.

Note – A hard reset clears all current settings, all Scenes, User Libraries and User Permissions.

First turn off the system including amplifiers and powered speakers.

To hard reset the Qu mixer - Press and hold the touch screen Reset and Setup keys together and then power up the mixer. Keep the keys pressed for at least 5 seconds while the mixer boots. Release the keys.

The hard reset:

- Resets the current settings the same as using the Scenes screen 'Reset Mix Settings' button.
- Resets non-scene parameters and user preferences to a factory default.
- Clears scene recall Safes and Filters.
- Clears all memories including Scenes, User Libraries and User Permissions.
- Resets the Network IP address and the touch screen calibration.

12.Specifications

12.1 **Mechanical Details**

The following provides information for mixer installation. The Qu mixer can be operated on a flat surface or fitted into a flightcase. The Qu-16 can be mounted in a 19" equipment rack or plinth.



Ventilation - Make sure that air flow around the ventilation slots at the rear and underside of the mixer is not obstructed. Keep these areas clear when flight casing, installing or operating the mixer.

Note – Blocking or obstructing the ventilation slots may cause damage to the mixer through overheating.



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Qu-16 Rack Mount Option

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A kit of parts is available from Allen & Heath to mount the Qu-16 in a standard 19" equipment case.

Rack kit part number QU-16-RK19

Minimum rack space required is 11U.

Note - Allow space for the connectors and cables at the rear.

The rack ears can be fitted without the need to remove the plastic side trims. Simply secure them to the base of the mixer with the 6x M4x8 screws supplied (part number AB0332) using a T20 Torx screwdriver.

Secure the mixer in the 19" rack with 8x M6 screws with plastic cup washers to protect the mixer surface.

12.2 Qu-16 System Block Diagram



12.3 Qu-24 and Qu-32 System Block Diagram



12.4 System Specifications

Inputs	Mic/Line Inputs	Balanced, XLR and 1/4" TRS jack, fully recallable
	Input Sensitivity (XLR / TRS)	-60 to +5dBu / -50 to +15dBu
	Analogue Gain	
	Maximum Insut Laurel (VLD (TD0)	-5 to +60aB, TaB steps
	Maximum Input Level (XLR / TRS)	+19dBu / +29dBu
	Input Impedance (XLR / TRS)	>5kΩ / >10 kΩ
	THD+N, Unity gain 0dB	0.0005% -89 dBu (20-20kHz, Direct Out @0dBu 1kHz)
	THD+N, Mid gain +30dB	0.001% -83dBu (20-20kHz, Direct Out @0dBu 1kHz)
	Stereo Line Inputs	
	ST1 ST2 connector	Palanaad 1/48 TDC isale balf normaliad
	STS CONNECTOR	Undalanced, stereo 3.5mm Wini Jack
	input Sensitivity (S11, S12/S13)	Nominal +4dBu / 0dBu
	Inm	+/-24dB
	Maximum Input Level (ST1,ST2 / ST3)	+22dBu / +18dBu
	Input Impedance	>7kΩ
Outputs	Mix1-10 and LR Out	Balanced, XLR
	Group and Matrix Out (Qu-24,32 only)	
	Output Impedance	<75Ω
	Nominal Output	+4dBu = 0dB meter reading
	Maximum Output Level	+22dBu
	Residual Output Noise	-90 dBu (muted, 20-20kHz)
	Stereo Alt Out & 2Trk Out	Balanced, 1/4" TBS jack
	Source (Alt Output / 2Trk Output)	Patchable / I B nost-fade
		<750
		~/J32
		+4dBu = 0dB meter reading
	Maximum Output Level	+22dBu
	Residual Output Noise	-90 dBu (muted, 20-20kHz)
	AES Digital Output	2 channel, 48kHz sampling rate, XLR
		2.5Vpp balanced terminated 110Ω
	Innuts	Pamata source for CH1 22 ST1 ST2 ST2
USINAKE	Outputo	Databable from Mird 10 LD Cm1 9 MTV1 4
	Outputs	Patchable from wixi- to, ER, GIPI-6, WIXI-4
		Compatible with AudioRacks AR2412, AR84, AB168
		Compatible with ME personal mixing system
System		Measured balanced XLR in to XLR out, 0dB gain, 0dBu input
	Dynamic Range	112 dB
	Frequency Response	+0/-0.5dB 20Hz to 20kHz
		+ 18dB
	Headroom	T 11801
	Headroom Internal operating Level	
	Headroom Internal operating Level	OdBu
	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Mater Calibration	0dBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output)
	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration	Hold OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) 0dB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) OCF (= 400, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100,
	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Peak indication	Hodo OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) 0dB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing
	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Peak indication Meter Signal indication	Hodo OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out)
	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Peak Indication Meter Signal Indication Meter Type	+ roub OdBu + 18dBu = OdBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response
	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Peak indication Meter Signal indication Meter Type	+ roub OdBu + 18dBu = OdBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response
	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate	+ roub OdBu + 18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM
	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC	+ roub OdBu + 18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma
	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency	480D OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) 0dB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out)
	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency	+ roud OdBu + 18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) -7 ms (local XLR in to ACR out) -7 ms (local XLR in to ACR out)
	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency	+ YouD OdBu + 18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) 0dB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALR out)
	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Paek indication Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency	+ roub OdBu + 18dBu = OdBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALS out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALS out)
	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Sagnal indication Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range	+ roub OdBu + 18dBu = OdBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALR out) 0 0 deg C to 35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 0
	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power	4404D OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) 0dB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to AES out) 0 deg C to 35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz
	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption	4800 0dBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) 0dB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALR out) 0 0 deg C to 35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz Qu-16= 82W, Qu-24= 120W, Qu-32= 150W
	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption	Houd OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALR out) 0 0 deg C to 35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz Qu-16= 82W, Qu-24= 120W, Qu-32= 150W
USB Audio	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Qu-Drive	Houd OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0 deg C to 35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz Qu-16= 82W, Qu-24= 120W, Qu-32= 150W
USB Audio	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Sagnal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Qu-Drive Device	Houd OdBu +18dBu = OdBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -4ddBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0 deg C to 35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz Qu-16= 82W, Qu-24= 120W, Qu-32= 150W USB A Use a USB hard drive (not a USB key)
USB Audio	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Sajana indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Qu-Drive Device Stereo Record	Houd OdBu +18dBu = OdBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -4ddBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.8 ms (local XLR out)
USB Audio	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Cu-Drive Device Stereo Record Stereo Playback	4800 0dBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) 0dB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0 0 deg C to 35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz Qu-16= 82W, Qu-24= 120W, Qu-32= 150W USB A Use a USB hard drive (not a USB key) 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 2 channel, WAV, 44, 1 or 48kHz, 16 or 24-bit, to 5T3
USB Audio	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Cu-Drive Device Stereo Record Stereo Playback	4R04D OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) 0dB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALR out) 0 0 deg C to 35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz Qu-16= 82W, Qu-24= 120W, Qu-32= 150W USB A Use a USB hard drive (not a USB key) 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable
USB Audio	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Paek indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Co-Drive Device Stereo Record Stereo Playback Multitrack Record Multitrack Record	Houd OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Detta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALR out) 0 0 deg C to 35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz Qu-16= 82W, Qu-24= 120W, Qu-32= 150W USB A Use a USB hard drive (not a USB key) 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 18 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable
USB Audio	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Peak indication Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Co-Drive Device Stereo Record Stereo Record Stereo Playback Mutitrack Record Mutitrack Playback	Houd OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Detta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.480 g C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz Qu-16= 82W, Qu-24= 120W, Qu-32= 150W USB A USB A USB A Use a USB hard drive (not a USB key) 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 18 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit
USB Audio	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Cu-Drive Device Stereo Record Stereo Playback Multitrack Record Multitrack Record Multitrack Playback	Houd OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+2dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to AES out) 0 0 deg C to 35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz Qu-16= 82W, Qu-24= 120W, Qu-32= 150W USB A Use a USB hard drive (not a USB key) 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 18 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit USB R
USB Audio	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Cu-Drive Device Stereo Record Stereo Record Stereo Playback Multirack Record Multirack Playback USB Addio Streaming Cand (upertnem) On 1670/02	47000 OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to AES out) 0 deg C to 35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz Qu-16= 82W, Qu-24= 120W, Qu-32= 150W USB A Use a USB hard drive (not a USB key) 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 18 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit USB B, Core Audio compliant
USB Audio	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Cu-Drive Device Stereo Record Stereo Record Stereo Record Stereo Record Stereo Record Stereo Record Multitrack Record Multitrack Record Multitrack Playback USB Audio Streaming Send (upstream) Qu-16/24/32	4R0LD OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR out) 0.8 La Constantion 0.9 La Constantion 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable
USB Audio	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Cu-Drive Device Stereo Record Stereo Playback Multitrack Record Multitrack Record Multitrack Playback Stereo Playback Multitrack Playback Stereo Playback Multitrack Playback	USB A USB B, Core Audio compliant 24/32/32 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit 25/37/32 26/37/32 27/32 28/37/32 29/32 20/32 21/37 21/37 22/37
USB Audio	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Calibration Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Cu-Drive Device Stereo Record Stereo Record Stereo Playback Multitrack Record Multitrack Playback USB Audio Streaming Send (upstream) Qu-16/24/32 Return (downstream) Qu-16/24/32	Visual
USB Audio Dimensions	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Pask indication Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Coperating Temperature Range Mains Power Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Coperating Temperature Range Mains Power Coperating Temperature Range Mains Power Coperating Temperature Range Mains Power Coperating Temperature Range Coperating Temperature Range Coperature Range	VIGUD OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Detta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0 deg C to 35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz Qu-16= 82W, Qu-24= 120W, Qu-32= 150W USB A USB A Use a USB hard drive (not a USB key) 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 18 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit 2/32/32 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit 2/30/32 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit 2/30/32 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit Width x Depth x Height
USB Audio Dimensions & Weights	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Mains Power Mains Power Mains Power Mainum Power Consumption Cu-Drive Device Stereo Record Stereo Record Stereo Playback Multitrack Record Multitrack Record Multitrack Playback USB Audio Streaming Send (upstream) Qu-16/24/32 Return (downstream) Qu-16/24/32 Qu-16 Mixer Desk mounted	Visite 24-bit OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+2dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -4ddBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response -4ddBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.4 ms (local XLR out) 0 use a USB hand drive (not a USB key) 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit
USB Audio Dimensions & Weights	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Seleco Playback Stereo Playback Multitrack Record Stereo Playback Multitrack Record Multitrack Playback USB Audio Streaming Send (upstream) Qu-16/24/32 Return (downstream) Qu-16/24/32 Return (downstream) Qu-16/24/32 Return (downstream) Qu-16/24/32 Return (downstream) Qu-16/24/32	408.0 418.08.0 048.0 +18.08.0 048 +18.08.1 24.08.0 48.04.2 -48.08.1 24.01.00.00 48.04.2 24.01.00.00 24.01.00.00 24.01.00.00 24.01.00.00 24.01.00.00 24.01.00.00 24.01.00.00 24.01.00.00 24.01.00.00 24.01.00.00 24.01.00.00 24.01.00.00 24.01.00.00 24.01.00.00 24.01.00.00 24.01.00.00 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to AES out) 0.01.00.00 0.02 Ct 0.35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz Qu-16= 82W, Qu-24= 120W, Qu-32= 150W USB A USB A USB A Use a USB hard drive (not a USB key) 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit USB B, Core Audio compliant
USB Audio Dimensions & Weights	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Course Stereo Record Stereo Playback Multitrack Record Multitrack Record Multitrack Playback Stereo Playback Stereo Playback Multitrack Record Multitrack Record Multitrack Record Multitrack Record Multitrack Record Multitrack Record Multitrack Record Multitrack Playback Stereo Playback Multitrack Record Multitrack Playback Multitrack Record Multitrack Playback Multitrack Record Multitrack Record Multitrack Playback Multitrack Record Multitrack Playback Multitrack Record Multitrack Playback Multitrack Playback	Widb Visit Visit <
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USB Audio Dimensions & Weights	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Pask indication Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Co-Drive Device Stereo Record Stereo Record Stereo Playback Mutitrack Playback Stereo Playback Stereo Playback Stereo Playback Stereo Playback Stereo Playback Stereo Record Stereo Playback Stereo Record Stereo Playback Mutitrack Playback Cu-Drive USB Audio Streaming Send (upstream) Qu-16/24/32 Return (downstream) Qu-16/2	Visual
USB Audio Dimensions & Weights	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Device Stereo Playback Maximum Power Consumption Cu-Drive Device Stereo Record Stereo Playback Multitrack Record Stereo Playback Multitrack Playback Cu-Drive Device Stereo Record Stereo Record Stereo Record Stereo Playback Multitrack Record Multitrack Playback Cu-Drive Desk mounted Rack mounted Rack mounted Rack mounted Packed weight Packed weight	47.00.0 OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to SLR out) 0 deg C to 35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz Qu-16= 82W, Qu-24= 120W, Qu-32= 150W USB A Use a USB hard drive (not a USB key) 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit USB B, Core Audio compliant 24/32/32 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit USB B, Core Audio compliant 24/32/32 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit Width X Depth x Height 440 x 500 x 186 mm (17.4" x 19.7" x 7.4") 483 x472 x 190 mm (19" x 18.6" x 7.5") 610 x 680 x 350 mm (24" x 27" x 13.8") 10 kg (22 lbs) 13.5 kg (30 lbs)
USB Audio Dimensions & Weights	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Qu-Drive Device Device Stereo Playback Multtrack Record Multtrack Record Multtrack Record Multtrack Record Multtrack Playback USB Audio Streaming Send (upstream) Qu-16/24/32 Return (downstream)	47.00.0 OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALS out) 0 0 deg C to 35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz Qu-16= 82W, Qu-24= 120W, Qu-32= 150W USB A Use a USB hard drive (not a USB key) 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 18 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit USB B, Core Audio compliant 24/32/32 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit 20/30/32 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit Width x Depth x Height 440 x 5000 x 186 mm (17.4" x 19.7" x 7.4") 438 x 472 x 190 mm (19" x 18.6" x 7.5") 610 x 680 x 350 mm (24" x 27" x 13.8") 10 kg (22 lbs) 13.5 kg (30 lbs) </td
USB Audio Dimensions & Weights	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Contemporature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Consum	4800 0dBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) 0dB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALS out) 0 0 deg C to 35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz Qu-16= 82W, Qu-24= 120W, Qu-32= 150W USB A USB B, Core Audio compliant 24/32/32 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit 22/30/32 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit
USB Audio Dimensions & Weights	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Calibration Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Coperating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Coperating Temperature Range Maximum Power Consumption Coperating Temperature Range Coperating Temperature Range Coperature Range Coperating Temperature Range Coperature Range Coperature Range Coperature Range Coperature Range Coperature Range	House OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Past (peak) response -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) 0.47 24-bit Deta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to ALR out) 0.8 data
USB Audio Dimensions & Weights	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Pask indication Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Operating Temperature Range Mains Power Maximum Power Consumption Couperation Temperature Range Maximum Power Consumption Couperation Temperature Range Maximum Power Consumption Couperature Range Maximum Power Consumption Couperature Range Couperature Rang	47.00.0 OdBu +18dBu = 0dBFS (+22dBu at XLR output) OdB meter = -18dBFS (+4dBu at XLR out) -3dBFS (+19dBu at XLR out), multi-point sensing -48dBFS (-26dBu at XLR out) Fast (peak) response 48kHz +/-100PPM 24-bit Delta-Sigma 1.2 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to XLR out) 0.7 ms (local XLR in to AES out) 0 deg C to 35 deg C (32 deg F to 95 deg F) 100-240V AC, 50/60Hz Qu-16= 82W, Qu-24= 120W, Qu-32= 150W USB A Use a USB hard drive (not a USB key) 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 2 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit, patchable 18 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit USB B, Core Audio compliant 24/32/32 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit 22/30/32 channel, WAV, 48kHz, 24-bit Width x Depth x Height 440 x 500 x 186 mm (17.4" x 19.7" x 7.4") 483 x 472 x 190 mm (19" x 18.6" x 7.5") 610 x 680 x 350 mm (24" x 27" x 13.8") 10 kg (22 lbs) 13.5 kg (30 lbs) Width x Depth x Height 632 x 500 x 186 mm (24.9" x 19.7" x 7.4")
USB Audio Dimensions & Weights	Headroom Internal operating Level dBFS Alignment Meter Calibration Meter Calibration Meter Signal indication Meter Type Sampling Rate ADC, DAC Latency Device Stereo Playback Maimum Power Consumption Cu-Drive Device Stereo Playback Mutitrack Record Stereo Playback Mutitrack Playback Stereo Record Stereo Playback Mutitrack Playback Cu-Drive Device Stereo Playback Mutitrack Playback Cu-Drive Device Stereo Playback Mutitrack Playback Cu-Drive Cu-Drive Desk mounted Packed in shipping box Unpacked weight Packed in shipping box Cu-24 Mixer Desk mounted Packed in shipping box Unpacked weight	With XD With XD <td< td=""></td<>

Control		
	Faders	100mm motorised
	Touch Screen Qu-16, 24	5" TFT, 800x480 resolution
	Touch Screen Qu-32	7" TFT, 800x480 resolution
	SoftKeys	4 (Qu-16), 10 (Qu-24, 32)
	Mute Groups	4
	DCA Groups	4
	Network	TCP/IP Ethernet for MIDI and iPad app
	_	
Input	Source	
rocessing	CH1-32	Local, dSNAKE, or USB
	ST1, ST2	Local, dSNAKE, or USB
	ST3	Local, dSNAKE, or USB Stereo
	USB Global Source	Qu-Drive or USB B Streaming
	Staroo Linking	
	Demonstern linked	Odd/even input pairs
	Parameters inked	EQ, dynamics, insert, delay, assignments, sends
		Freamp, polancy, succhains, rauer/mute, pan
	Polarity	Normal/Reverse
	High Pass Filter	12dB/octave 20Hz – 2kHz
	Insert	Assign FX1-4 into Input channels
	Delay	Up to 85ms
	Gate	Self key Sidechain
	Threshold / Depth	-72dBu to +18dBu / 0 to 60dB
	Attack / Hold / Release	50us to 300ms / 10ms to 5s / 10ms to 1s
	PEQ	4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB
	Band 1	Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell
	Band 2, Band 3	Bell
	Band 4	Selectable HF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell
	Bell Width	Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave
	Compressor	Self key Sidechain
	Threshold / Ratio	-46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity
	Attack / Release	300us - 300ms / 100ms - 2s
	Knee	Soft/Hard
	Types	Peak Manual, HWS Manual, Slowopto, Punchbay
	Channel Direct Out to USB	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options)
	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global)	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamo, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delav
	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global)	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay
Mix	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ PEQ	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ PEQ Band 1	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ PEQ Band 1 Band 2, Band 3	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ PEQ Band 1 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable HF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ PEQ Band 1 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Bell Width	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable HF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ PEQ Band 1 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Bell Width	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable HF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ PEQ Band 1 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Bell Width Compressor	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Fost-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEO PEQ Band 1 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Bell Width Compressor Threshold / Ratio	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 11 to infinity
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ PEQ Band 2 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Bell Width Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 110 infinity 300us - 300ms / 100ms - 28
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ PEQ Band 1 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Bell Width Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity 300us – 300ms / 100ms - 2s Soft/Hard
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ Band 2 Band 4 Band 4 Band 4 Bell Width Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity 300us – 300ms / 100ms - 2s Soft/Hard Peak Manual, RMS Manual, SlowOpto, PunchBag
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ Band 2 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Band 4 Band 4 Ball Width Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Types	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity 300us – 300ms / 100ms - 2s Soft/Hard Peak Manual, RMS Manual, SlowOpto, PunchBag
Mix rocessing	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ Band 2 Band 2 Band 4 Band 4 Band 4 Band 4 Ball Width Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Types	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity 300us – 300ms / 100ms - 2s Soft/Hard Peak Manual, RMS Manual, SlowOpto, PunchBag 4x RackFX engine, Send> Return or Inserted Deurote, Datase
Mix rocessing FX	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ Band 1 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Band 4 Bell Width Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Types	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self Key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity 300us – 300ms / 100ms - 2s Soft/Hard Peak Manual, RMS Manual, SlowOpto, PunchBag 4x RackFX engine, Send>Return or Inserted Reverbs, Delays, Gated Reverb, ADT Channe, Streep Denay Channe Cha
Mix rocessing FX	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ Band 1 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Bell Width Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Types	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity 300us – 300ms / 100ms - 2s Soft/Hard Peak Manual, RMS Manual, SlowOpto, PunchBag 4k RackFX engine, Send>Return or Inserted Reverbs, Delays, Gated Reverb, ADT Chorus, Symphonic Chorus, Phaser, Flanger Ender Bao Mute Barution Life A Daed PCO
Mix rocessing FX	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ GEQ Band 1 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Bell Width Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Types Internal FX Types	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable HF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity 300us – 300ms / 100ms - 2s Soft/Hard Peak Manual, RMS Manual, SlowOpto, PunchBag 4x RackFX engine, Send>Return or Inserted Reverbs, Delays, Gated Reverb, ADT Chorus, Symphonic Chorus, Phaser, Flanger Fader, Pan, Mute, Routing to Mix/LR, 4-Band PEQ
Mix rocessing FX	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ GEQ Band 1 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Bell Width Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Types Internal FX Types 4 dedicated Stereo FX returns	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable HF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity 300us – 300ms / 100ms - 2s Soft/Hard Peak Manual, RMS Manual, SlowOpto, PunchBag 4x RackFX engine, Send>Return or Inserted Reverbs, Delays, Gated Reverb, ADT Chorus, Symphonic Chorus, Phaser, Flanger Fader, Pan, Mute, Routing to Mix/LR, 4-Band PEQ EPEL or starea in-diace AEL 0 to -2/48 Tim. 85mc Dalay
Mix rocessing FX Idio Tools	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ Band 1 Band 1 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Bell Width Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Internal FX Types Internal FX Types A dedicated Stereo FX returns	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity 300us – 300ms / 100ms - 2s Soft/Hard Pet Rader, Send>-Return or Inserted Reverbs, Delays, Gated Reverb, ADT Chorus, Symphonic Chorus, Phaser, Flanger Fader, Pan, Mute, Routing to Mix/LR, 4-Band PEQ PFL or stereo in-place AFL, 0 to -24dB Trim, 85ms Delay Assignable to any mix 1248/oct HPF
Mix rocessing FX Idio Tools	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ GEQ PEQ Band 1 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Bell Width Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Compressor Co	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity 300us – 300ms / 100ms - 2s Soft/Hard Peak Manual, RMS Manual, SlowOpto, PunchBag 4k RackFX engine, Send>-Return or Inserted Reverbs, Delays, Gated Reverb, ADT Chorus, Symphonic Chorus, Phaser, Flanger Fader, Pan, Mute, Routing to Mix/LR, 4-Band PEQ PFL or stereo in-place AFL, 0 to -24dB Trim, 85ms Delay Assignable to any mix, 12dB/oct HPF
Mix rocessing FX Idio Tools	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEO GEO PEO Band 1 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Bell Width Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Attack / Release At	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity 300us – 300ms / 100ms - 2s Soft/Hard Peak Manual, RMS Manual, SlowOpto, PunchBag 4k RackFX engine, Send>-Return or Inserted Reverbs, Delays, Gated Reverb, ADT Chorus, Symphonic Chorus, Phaser, Flanger Fader, Pan, Mute, Routing to Mix/LR, 4-Band PEQ PFL or stereo in-place AFL, 0 to -24dB Trim, 85ms Delay Assignable to any mix, 12dB/oct HPF Assignable to any mix, 12dB/oct HPF
Mix rocessing FX Idio Tools	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ GEQ PEQ Band 2 Band 4 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Band 4 Bell Width Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Compressor Threshold / Ratio Compressor Threshold / R	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity 300us – 300ms / 100ms - 2s Soft/Hard Peak Manual, RMS Manual, SlowOpto, PunchBag 4. RackFX engine, Send>-Return or Inserted Reverbs, Delays, Gated Reverb, ADT Chorus, Symphonic Chorus, Phaser, Flanger Fader, Pan, Mute, Routing to Mix/LR, 4-Band PEQ PFL or stereo in-place AFL, 0 to -24dB Trim, 85ms Delay Assignable to any mix, 12dB/oct HPF Assignable to any mix, Sine / White/Pink/Bandpass Noise 31-Bands 1/3 octave 20-20kHz, follows PAFL source
Mix rocessing FX Idio Tools	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ GEQ PEQ Band 2 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Band 2, Band 3 Band 4 Bell Width Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Types Internal FX Types PAFL Takback Signal Generator RTA Ou-32 Mixer	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity 300us – 300ms / 100ms - 2s Soft/Hard Peak Manual, RMS Manual, SlowOpto, PunchBag 4-K RackFX engine, Send>-Return or Inserted Reverbs, Delays, Gated Reverb, ADT Chorus, Symphonic Chorus, Phaser, Flanger Fader, Pan, Mute, Routing to Mix/LR, 4-Band PEQ PFL or stereo in-place AFL, 0 to -24dB Trim, 85ms Delay Assignable to any mix, 12dB/oct HPF Assignable to any mix, 12dB/oct HPF Assignable to any mix, Sine / White/Pink/Bandpass Noise 31-Bands 1/3 octave 20-20kHz, follows PAFL source Width x Depth x Heicht
Mix Processing FX Idio Tools Mensions	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ GEQ PEQ Band 2 Band 4 Band 4 Band 4 Band 4 Band 4 Bell Width Compressor Threshold / Ratio Attack / Release Knee Types Internal FX Types Internal FX Types PAFL 4 dedicated Stereo FX returns PAFL Takback Signal Generator RTA Ou-32 Mixer Desk mounted	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity 300us – 300ms / 100ms - 2s Soft/Hard Peak Manual, RMS Manual, SlowOpto, PunchBag 4x RackFX engine, Send>Return or Inserted Reverbs, Delays, Gated Reverb, ADT Chorus, Symphonic Chorus, Phaser, Flanger Fader, Pan, Mute, Routing to Mix/LR, 4-Band PEQ PFL or stereo in-place AFL, 0 to -24dB Trim, 85ms Delay Assignable to any mix, 12dB/oct HPF Assignable to any mix, Sine / White/Pink/Bandpass Noise 31-Bands 1/3 octave 20-20kHz, follows PAFL source Width x Depth x Height 850 x 500 x 186 mm (33.5" x 19.7" x 7.4")
Mix Processing FX Idio Tools	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ GEQ Band 2 Band 4 Band 4 Ba	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity 300us – 300ms / 100ms - 2s Soft/Hard Peak Manual, RMS Manual, SlowOpto, PunchBag 4x RackFX engine, Send>Return or Inserted Reverbs, Delays, Gated Reverb, ADT Chorus, Symphonic Chorus, Phaser, Flanger Fader, Pan, Mute, Routing to Mix/LR, 4-Band PEQ PFL or stereo in-place AFL, 0 to -24dB Trim, 85ms Delay Assignable to any mix, 12dB/oct HPF Assignable to any mix, Sine / White/Pink/Bandpass Noise 31-Bands 1/3 octave 20-20kHz, follows PAFL source Width x Depth x Height 850 x 500 x 186 mm (33.5" x 19.7" x 7.4") 1000 x 680 x 350 mm (39.4" x 26.8" x 13.8")
Mix rocessing FX Idio Tools mensions & Weights	Channel Direct Out to USB Source select (global) Insert Delay GEQ GEQ Band 2 Band 4 Band 4 Ba	Follow Fader, follow Mute (global options) Post-Preamp, Pre-EQ, Post-EQ, Post-Delay Assign FX into Mix channels Up to 170ms Constant 1/3 oct, 28 bands 31Hz-16kHz, +/-12dB Gain 4-Band fully parametric, 20-20kHz, +/-15dB Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Bell Selectable LF Shelving (Baxandall), Bell Non-constant Q, variable, 1.5 to 1/9th octave Self key Sidechain -46dBu to 18dBu / 1:1 to infinity 300us – 300ms / 100ms - 2s Soft/Mard Peak Manual, RMS Manual, SlowOpto, PunchBag 4-k RackFX engine, Send>Return or Inserted Reverbs, Delays, Gated Reverb, ADT Chorus, Symphonic Chorus, Phaser, Flanger Fader, Pan, Mute, Routing to Mix/LR, 4-Band PEQ PFL or stereo in-place AFL, 0 to -24dB Trim, 85ms Delay Assignable to any mix, Sine / White/Pink/Bandpass Noise 31-Bands 1/3 octave 20-20kHz, follows PAFL source Width x Depth x Height 850 x 500 x 186 mm (33.5" x 19.7" x 7.4") 1000 x 680 x 350 mm (39.4" x 26.8" x 13.8") 20 kg (44 lbs)